# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

	Washington, D.C.		
	FORM 10	)-Q	
<b>☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT T</b>	or the quarterly period end		EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO	O SECTION 13 OR 15 Or the transition period fro	` '	XCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	Commission File No.	000-51754	
<del></del>	CROCS, I	NC.	
(Ex	act name of registrant as spe	cified in its charter)	
<b>Delaware</b> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		<b>20-2164</b> (I.R.S. Emp Identification	oloyer
	East Dry Creek Parkway, N uding zip code, of registrant	iwot, Colorado 80503 's principal executive offices)	
(Reg	(303) 848-700 gistrant's telephone number,		
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has f during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter p requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ⊠ No □			
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submit be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regul the registrant was required to submit and post such files)	ation S-T (§232.405 of this		
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a lar emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):			
Large accelerated filer □ Accelerated filer ■	Non-accelerated filer ☐ (do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company □	Emerging growth company □
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant			riod for complying with any new o
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell c	ompany (as defined in Rule	12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ 1	No ⊠

As of July 31, 2018, Crocs, Inc. had 68,094,302 shares of its \$0.001 par value common stock outstanding.

#### Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). From time to time, we may also provide oral or written forward-looking statements in other materials we release to the public. Such forward-looking statements are subject to the safe harbor created by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Statements that refer to industry trends, projections of our future financial performance, anticipated trends in our business and other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. These statements, which express management's current views concerning future events or results, use words like "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "continue," "estimate," "expect," "future," "intend," "plan," "project," "strive," and future or conditional tense verbs like "could," "may," "might," "should," "will," "would," and similar expressions or variations. Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements we make regarding:

- · our expectations regarding future trends, selling, general and administrative cost savings, expectations, and performance of our business;
- · our belief that we have sufficient liquidity to fund our business operations during the next twelve months; and
- our expectations about the impact of our strategic plans

Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements include, without limitation, those described in the section entitled "Risk Factors" under Item 1A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, and our subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Caution should be taken not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements. Moreover, such forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements.

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# PART I — Financial Information

# **ITEM 1. Financial Statements**

# CROCS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except per share data)

Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2018		2017		2018		2017
\$	328,004	\$	313,221	\$	611,152	\$	581,128
	146,604		143,414		289,879		277,737
	181,400		169,807		321,273		303,391
	144,336		140,361		258,287		258,363
	37,064		29,446		62,986		45,028
	283		162		1,354		438
	146		157		425		307
	(132)		(188)		(245)		(372)
	16		9		69		133
	37,377		29,586		64,589		45,534
	3,000		7,627		13,758		12,564
	34,377		21,959		50,831		32,970
	(3,000)		(3,000)		(6,000)		(6,000)
	(951)		(873)		(1,882)		(1,729)
\$	30,426	\$	18,086	\$	42,949	\$	25,241
\$	0.37	\$	0.21	\$	0.52	\$	0.29
\$	0.35	\$	0.20	\$	0.51	\$	0.29
	68,153		73,953		68,427		73,882
	71,467		74,572		70,462		74,625
	\$	2018 \$ 328,004 146,604 181,400 144,336 37,064 283 146 (132) 16 37,377 3,000 34,377 (3,000) (951) \$ 30,426  \$ 0.37 \$ 0.35	2018	2018         2017           \$ 328,004         \$ 313,221           146,604         143,414           181,400         169,807           144,336         140,361           37,064         29,446           283         162           146         157           (132)         (188)           16         9           37,377         29,586           3,000         7,627           34,377         21,959           (3,000)         (3,000)           (951)         (873)           \$ 30,426         \$ 18,086           \$ 0.37         \$ 0.21           \$ 0.35         \$ 0.20	2018         2017           \$ 328,004         \$ 313,221           146,604         143,414           181,400         169,807           144,336         140,361           37,064         29,446           283         162           146         157           (132)         (188)           16         9           37,377         29,586           3,000         7,627           34,377         21,959           (3,000)         (3,000)           (951)         (873)           \$ 30,426         \$ 18,086           \$ 0.37         \$ 0.21           \$ 0.35         \$ 0.20	2018         2017         2018           \$ 328,004         \$ 313,221         \$ 611,152           146,604         143,414         289,879           181,400         169,807         321,273           144,336         140,361         258,287           37,064         29,446         62,986           283         162         1,354           146         157         425           (132)         (188)         (245)           16         9         69           37,377         29,586         64,589           3,000         7,627         13,758           34,377         21,959         50,831           (3,000)         (3,000)         (6,000)           (951)         (873)         (1,882)           \$ 30,426         \$ 18,086         \$ 42,949           \$ 0.37         \$ 0.21         \$ 0.52           \$ 0.35         \$ 0.20         \$ 0.51	2018         2017         2018           \$ 328,004         \$ 313,221         \$ 611,152         \$           146,604         143,414         289,879         321,273           181,400         169,807         321,273         321,273           144,336         140,361         258,287           37,064         29,446         62,986           283         162         1,354           146         157         425           (132)         (188)         (245)           16         9         69           37,377         29,586         64,589           3,000         7,627         13,758           34,377         21,959         50,831           (3,000)         (3,000)         (6,000)           (951)         (873)         (1,882)           \$ 30,426         \$ 18,086         \$ 42,949           \$ 0.37         \$ 0.21         \$ 0.52         \$           \$ 0.35         \$ 0.20         \$ 0.51         \$

# CROCS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months E	Ended June 30,	
		2018		2017	2018		2017
Net income	\$	34,377	\$	21,959	\$ 50,831	\$	32,970
Other comprehensive income:							
Foreign currency translation gain (loss), net		(12,784)		2,951	(10,555)		7,465
Reclassification of foreign currency translation loss to income (1)		(840)		_	(840)		_
Total comprehensive income	\$	20,753	\$	24,910	\$ 39,436	\$	40,435

<sup>(1)</sup> Reclassification of cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment of manufacturing subsidiaries.

# CROCS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except share and par value amounts)

		June 30, 2018	D	ecember 31, 2017
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	171,514	\$	172,128
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$25,956 and \$31,389, respectively		149,496		83,518
Inventories		129,903		130,347
Income taxes receivable		9,946		3,652
Other receivables		13,076		10,664
Restricted cash - current		2,041		2,144
Prepaid expenses and other assets		25,865		22,596
Total current assets		501,841		425,049
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$90,520 and \$91,806, respectively		27,038		35,032
Intangible assets, net		49,146		56,427
Goodwill		1,644		1,688
Deferred tax assets, net		12,202		10,174
Restricted cash		2,143		2,783
Other assets		10,360		12,542
Total assets	\$	604,374	\$	543,695
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	79,101	\$	66,381
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		105,788		84,446
Income taxes payable		21,666		5,515
Current portion of borrowings and capital lease obligations		15		676
Total current liabilities		206,570		157,018
Long-term income taxes payable		4,315		6,081
Other liabilities		10,947		12,298
Total liabilities		221,832		175,397
Commitments and contingencies:				
Series A convertible preferred stock, 1.0 million shares authorized, 0.2 million outstanding, liquidation				
preference \$203 million		184,316		182,433
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share, 4.0 million shares authorized, none outstanding		_		_
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, 250 million shares authorized, 95.9 million and 94.8 million issued 68.1 million and 68.8 million outstanding, respectively	,	96		95
Treasury stock, at cost, 27.8 million and 26.0 million shares, respectively		(360,032)		(334,312)
Additional paid-in capital		379,571		373,045
Retained earnings		233,380		190,431
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(54,789)		(43,394)
Total stockholders' equity		198,226		185,865
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	604,374	\$	543,695
	_			

# CROCS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2018	2017		
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$ 50,831	\$ 32,970		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	14,874	16,815		
Unrealized foreign currency gain, net	(1,057)	(1,744)		
Share-based compensation	6,015	3,945		
Other non-cash items	3,229	(2,872)		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	(73,845)	(53,086)		
Inventories	(6,506)	(4,743)		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(1,089)	12,567		
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	 48,409	35,528		
Cash provided by operating activities	40,861	39,380		
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of property, equipment, and software	(3,246)	(12,231)		
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	 34	1,506		
Cash used in investing activities	(3,212)	(10,725)		
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from bank borrowings	_	5,500		
Repayments of bank borrowings and capital lease obligations	(669)	(7,565)		
Dividends—Series A preferred stock	(6,000)	(6,000)		
Repurchases of common stock	(25,946)	(10,000)		
Other	(208)	(240)		
Cash used in financing activities	 (32,823)	(18,305)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	(6,183)	(717)		
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	 (1,357)	9,633		
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash—beginning of period	177,055	152,646		
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash—end of period	\$ 175,698	\$ 162,279		

# CROCS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

# 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Unless otherwise noted in this report, any description of the "Company," "Crocs," "we," "us," or "our" includes Crocs, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries within our reportable operating segments and corporate operations. The Company is engaged in the design, development, worldwide marketing, distribution, and sale of casual lifestyle footwear and accessories for men, women, and children. We strive to be the global leader in the sale of molded footwear characterized by functionality, comfort, color, and lightweight design. Our reportable operating segments include: the Americas, operating in North and South America; Asia Pacific, operating throughout Asia, Australia, New Zealand, Africa, and the Middle East; and Europe, operating throughout Western Europe, Eastern Europe, and Russia.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the Company's accounts and those of its wholly-owned subsidiaries, and reflect all adjustments which are necessary for a fair statement of the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). Such unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. The year-end condensed balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 ("Annual Report"), and have been prepared on a consistent basis with the accounting policies described in Note 1 of the Notes to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report. Our accounting policies did not change during the six months ended June 30, 2018, other than for the change in accounting principle described in "Inventories" below and the new accounting pronouncements adopted as described in Note 2 — Recent Accounting Pronouncements.

#### Seasonality of Business

Due to the seasonal nature of our footwear, which is more heavily focused on styles suitable for warm weather, revenues generated during our fourth quarter are typically less than revenues generated during our first three quarters, when the northern hemisphere is experiencing warmer weather. Our quarterly results of operations may also fluctuate significantly as a result of a variety of other factors, including the timing of new model introductions, general economic conditions, and consumer confidence. Accordingly, results of operations and cash flows for any one quarter are not necessarily indicative of expected results for any other quarter or for any other year.

#### Transactions with Affiliates

The Company receives services from three subsidiaries of Blackstone Capital Partners VI L.P. ("Blackstone"). Blackstone and certain of its permitted transferees currently beneficially own all the outstanding shares of the Company's Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, which is convertible into approximately 13.8 million shares, or 16.8%, of the Company's common stock as of June 30, 2018. Blackstone also has the right to nominate two representatives to serve on the Company's Board of Directors.

Certain Blackstone subsidiaries provide various services to the Company, including inventory count, cybersecurity and consulting, and workforce management services. The Company paid \$0.3 million and \$0.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and \$0.4 million and \$0.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, for these services. Expenses related to these services are reported in 'Selling, general and administrative expenses' in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

# Restricted Cash

Restricted cash primarily consists of funds to secure certain retail store leases, certain customs requirements, and other contractual arrangements.

#### Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Effective January 1, 2018, the Company completed implementation of a new inventory costing system for approximately 95% of its inventories. In connection with the implementation, the Company changed its method of inventory costing from a moving average cost method to a first-in-first-out method. The Company believes this change in accounting principle is preferable because it results in more precision and consistency in global and regional inventory costs, more efficient analysis and better matching of inventory costs with revenues, better matches the physical flow of inventories, and improves comparability with industry peers. The change from the Company's former inventory cost method did not have a material effect on inventory or cost of sales, and, as a result, prior comparative financial statements have not been restated.

As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, our finished goods inventories accounted for 98.1% and 97.5%, respectively, of our consolidated inventories, and the remaining balance consists of raw materials and work-in-process.

#### Marketing Expenses

Total marketing expenses inclusive of advertising, production, promotion, and agency expenses were \$25.4 million and \$27.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and \$40.9 million and \$39.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Marketing expenses are reported in 'Selling, general and administrative expenses' in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Prepaid advertising and promotional endorsement costs of \$9.0 million and \$7.0 million are included in 'Prepaid expenses and other assets' in the condensed consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

#### 2. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

#### **New Accounting Pronouncement Adopted**

#### Income Tax Accounting Implications of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act

In March 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued authoritative guidance on the income tax accounting implications of the U.S. Tax Cuts and Job Act ("Tax Act"), addressing the application of U.S. GAAP in situations when a registrant does not have the necessary information available, prepared, or analyzed in reasonable detail to complete the accounting for certain income tax effects of the Tax Act. The guidance provides a measurement period for companies to evaluate the impacts of the Tax Act on their financial statements. This measurement period begins in the reporting period that includes the enactment date and ends when an entity has obtained, prepared, and analyzed the information that was needed in order to complete the accounting requirements, and cannot exceed one year.

Due to the timing of the enactment and the complexity involved in applying the provisions of the Tax Act, we made reasonable estimates of the effects and recorded provisional amounts in our financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and the year ended December 31, 2017, including provisional estimates for the Base Erosion and Anti-abuse Tax ("BEAT"), Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income ("GILTI"), and transition tax. The U.S. Treasury Department, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS"), and other standard-setting bodies may issue guidance on how the provisions of the Tax Act will be applied or otherwise administered that is different from our interpretation. As we collect and prepare necessary data, and interpret the Tax Act and any additional guidance issued by the IRS or other standard-setting bodies, we may make adjustments to the provisional amounts that could materially affect our financial position and results of operations as well as our effective tax rate in the period in which the adjustments are made. See Note 10 — Income Taxes for more information.

## Stock Compensation Scope of Modification Accounting

In May 2017, the FASB issued authoritative guidance intended to clarify those changes to terms and conditions of stock-based compensation awards that are required to be accounted for as modifications of existing stock-based awards. The Company adopted this guidance as of January 1, 2018. The adoption did not have an impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

#### Clarifying the Definition of a Business

In January 2017, the FASB issued authoritative guidance intended to clarify the definition of a business, for purposes of determining whether a business has been acquired or sold, and consequently whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions or

disposals of a business or as acquisitions or disposals of assets. The Company adopted this guidance as of January 1, 2018. The adoption did not have an impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

#### Statements of Cash Flows - Classification and Change in Restricted Cash

In August 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance intended to clarify how entities should classify certain cash receipts and cash payments in the statements of cash flows. In November 2016, the FASB issued additional guidance requiring that restricted cash be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of-period amounts reported in the statements of cash flows. The guidance is applied retrospectively to all periods presented and is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those annual periods. The Company adopted this guidance as of January 1, 2018. As a result of the adoption, the Company changed the presentation in its statements of cash flows for all periods presented.

#### Prepaid Stored-Value Products

In March 2016, the FASB issued guidance related to the recognition of breakage for certain prepaid stored-value products. The standard is effective for annual periods (including interim periods) beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company adopted this guidance as of January 1, 2018. The adoption did not have a significant impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

#### Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the FASB issued authoritative guidance related to revenue recognition from contracts with customers. On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted the guidance using the modified retrospective method. The comparative information presented in the condensed consolidated financial statements was not restated and is reported under the accounting standards in effect for the periods presented. The adoption of this guidance did not have, and is not expected to have, a significant impact on our reported revenues, gross margins or income from operations.

Substantially all of the Company's revenues are recognized when control of product passes to customers when the products are shipped or delivered. Effective January 1, 2018, the Company changed its balance sheet presentation for expected product returns by reporting a product return asset for the right to receive returned products and a returns liability for amounts expected to be refunded to customers as a result of product returns. The product return asset is reported within 'Prepaid expenses and other assets' in the condensed consolidated balance sheet. The returns liability and payments received from customers for future delivery of products are reported within 'Accrued liabilities and other expenses' in the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

The Company elected to account for shipping and handling costs associated with outbound freight after control of product passes to customers as fulfillment costs, which are expensed as incurred and included in 'Cost of sales' in our condensed consolidated statements of operations. There is no change to the Company's comparative reporting of shipping and handling costs as a result of adoption.

The Company elected to expense incremental costs to obtain customer contracts, consisting primarily of commission incentives, when incurred and reports these costs within 'Selling, general and administrative expenses' in its condensed consolidated statements of operations. There is no change to the Company's comparative reporting of incremental costs to obtain customer contracts as a result of adoption.

The impact of adoption on the January 1, 2018 condensed consolidated balance sheet was:

		December 31, 2017		Impact of Adoption		Janu	ary 1, 2018
				(ir	thousands)		
Assets:							
Accounts receivable, net		\$	83,518	\$	1,801	\$	85,319
Prepaid expenses and other assets			22,596		1,555		24,151
Liabilities:							
Accrued expenses and other liabilities			84,446		3,356		87,802
	7						

(1) Prior to adoption, product return assets and return liabilities were reported within 'Accounts receivable, net', within the allowance for doubtful accounts. As of the adoption date, the product return assets were reclassified and reported as a component of 'Prepaid expenses and other assets', and return liabilities were reclassified to 'Accrued expenses and other liabilities' in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet.

The impact of the new revenue recognition guidance on our condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2018 was:

		June 30, 2018								
	Ва	Balances Without Adoption		Effects of New Guidance (1)		As Reported				
				(in thousands)		_				
Assets:										
Accounts receivable, net	\$	144,095	\$	5,401	\$	149,496				
Prepaid expenses and other assets		22,570		3,295		25,865				
Liabilities:										
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		97,092		8,696		105,788				

<sup>(1)</sup> The new revenue recognition guidance requires comparative disclosures of the effects of the new guidance on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements for all interim periods during the year of adoption. The new guidance did not have a significant effect on the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018.

See Note 8 — Revenues for additional disclosures.

#### New Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

#### Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

In February 2018, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that permits reclassification of the income tax effects of the Tax Act on accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI") to retained earnings. This guidance may be adopted retrospectively to each period (or periods) in which the income tax effects of the Tax Act related to items remaining in AOCI are recognized, or at the beginning of the period of adoption. The guidance becomes effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect adoption of this standard will have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

#### Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance intended to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. Under the new guidance, lessees will be required to recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, measured on a discounted basis, at the commencement date for all leases with terms greater than twelve months. Additionally, this guidance will require disclosures to help investors and other financial statement users to better understand the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases, including qualitative and quantitative requirements. The guidance will be applied under a modified retrospective transition approach. The guidance and related amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted.

The Company will adopt this guidance effective January 1, 2019. In July 2017, the Company established an implementation team and engaged external advisers and solution providers to develop a multi-phase plan to assess the Company's leasing arrangements, as well as any changes to accounting policies, processes, or necessary systems. The Company has entered into agreements to procure software and services to facilitate adoption of the guidance. The Company is performing a detailed review of its leases and other contractual arrangements, system implementation requirements, and practical expedient alternatives available. The adoption of this guidance will result in significant increases in reported lease-related assets and liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet.

#### Other Pronouncements

Other new pronouncements issued but not effective until after June 30, 2018 are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### 3. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES

Amounts reported in 'Accrued expenses and other liabilities' in the condensed consolidated balance sheets were:

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
	(in the	ousands)
Accrued compensation and benefits	\$ 32,494	\$ 34,955
Professional services	15,031	10,835
Accrued rent and occupancy	9,309	8,535
Fulfillment, freight, and duties	12,499	6,921
Royalties payable and deferred revenue	4,420	6,193
Sales/use and value added taxes payable	11,733	3,509
Return liabilities (1)	8,696	_
Other (2)	 11,606	13,498
Total accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$ 105,788	\$ 84,446

<sup>(1)</sup> Return liabilities are presented within 'Accrued expenses and other liabilities' upon adoption of new authoritative guidance on revenue recognition effective January 1, 2018, as described in Note 2 — Recent Accounting Pronouncements.

#### 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

#### Recurring Fair Value Measurements

All of the Company's derivative instruments are classified as Level 2 and are reported in the condensed consolidated balance sheets within 'Accrued expenses and other liabilities' at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The fair values of the Company's derivative instruments were liabilities of \$0.1 million and \$0.4 million at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. See Note 5 — Derivative Financial Instruments for more information.

The carrying amounts of the Company's cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and current accrued expenses and other liabilities approximate their fair value as recorded due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

The Company's borrowing instruments are recorded at their carrying values in the condensed consolidated balance sheets, which may differ from their respective fair values. The fair values of the Company's outstanding notes payable approximate their carrying values at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, based on interest rates currently available to the Company for similar borrowings.

		June 30, 2018			December 31, 2017			2017
	Carr	ying Value		Fair Value	Ca	rrying Value		Fair Value
	·			(in tho	usands)	)		_
Borrowings and capital lease obligations	\$	38	\$	38	\$	706	\$	706

### Non-Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Company's non-financial assets, which primarily consist of property and equipment, goodwill, and other intangible assets, are not required to be carried at fair value on a recurring basis and are reported at carrying value. The fair values of these assets are determined based on Level 3 measurements, including estimates of the amount and timing of future cash flows based upon historical experience, expected market conditions, and management's plans. Impairment expense is reported in 'Selling, general and administrative expenses' in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company recorded non-cash impairment expenses of \$0.1 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, to reduce the carrying values of certain retail store assets. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes current liabilities of \$3.0 million related to Series A preferred stock dividends at both June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

recorded non-cash impairment expenses of \$0.3 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, to reduce the carrying values of certain supply chain assets related to the closure of our Mexico and Italy manufacturing and distribution facilities, included in 'Other businesses,' to their estimated fair values. The Company did not record impairment expense in the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

#### 5. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company transacts business in various foreign countries and is therefore exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk that impacts the reported U.S. Dollar amounts of revenues, costs, and certain foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities. In order to manage exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency and to reduce the volatility in earnings caused by fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, the Company enters into forward contracts to buy and sell foreign currency. By policy, the Company does not enter into these contracts for trading purposes or speculation.

Counterparty default risk is considered low because the forward contracts that the Company enters into are over-the-counter instruments transacted with highly-rated financial institutions. The Company was not required to and did not post collateral as of June 30, 2018 or December 31, 2017.

The Company's derivative instruments are recorded at fair value as a derivative asset or liability in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company reports derivative instruments with the same counterparty on a net basis when a master netting arrangement is in place. Changes in fair value are recognized within 'Foreign currency gains, net' in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. For the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows, the Company classifies cash flows from derivative instruments at settlement in the same category as the cash flows from the related hedged items within 'Cash provided by (used in) operating activities.'

#### Results of Derivative Activities

The fair values of derivative assets and liabilities, net, all of which are classified as Level 2 and are reported within either 'Prepaid expenses and other assets' or 'Accrued expenses and other liabilities' in the condensed consolidated balance sheets, were:

		June 30, 2018			December 31, 2017			
	Deriv	ative Assets		Derivative Liabilities	Dei	rivative Assets		Derivative Liabilities
		(in thousands)						_
Forward foreign currency exchange contracts	\$	2,439	\$	(2,561)	\$	1,241	\$	(1,647)
Netting of counterparty contracts		(2,439)		2,439		(1,241)		1,241
Foreign currency forward contract derivatives	\$	_	\$	(122)	\$	_	\$	(406)

The notional amounts of outstanding foreign currency forward exchange contracts presented below report the total U.S. Dollar equivalent position and the net contract fair values for each foreign currency position.

	June 30, 2018			<b>December 31, 2017</b>				
		Notional		Fair Value		Notional		Fair Value
				(in thou	ısan	ds)		
Singapore Dollar	\$	44,299	\$	(1,036)	\$	73,455	\$	364
Euro		26,207		342		37,718		(122)
Japanese Yen		39,860		578		30,688		(89)
South Korean Won		22,964		471		15,888		(134)
British Pound Sterling		48,318		(114)		13,233		80
Other currencies		65,351		(363)		53,698		(505)
Total	\$	246,999	\$	(122)	\$	224,680	\$	(406)

Latest maturity date July 2018 January 2018

Amounts reported in 'Foreign currency gains, net' in the condensed consolidated statements of operations include both realized and unrealized gains (losses) from foreign currency transactions and derivative contracts, and were:

	T	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2018		2017		2018		2017
	(in thousands)							
Foreign currency transaction gains (losses)	\$	(563)	\$	(1,417)	\$	488	\$	1,794
Foreign currency forward exchange contracts gains (losses)		846		1,579		866		(1,356)
Foreign currency gains, net	\$	283	\$	162	\$	1,354	\$	438

#### 6. REVOLVING CREDIT FACILITIES AND BANK BORROWINGS

The Company's borrowings consisted of:

	J	June 30, 2018		mber 31, 2017			
	(in thousands)						
Notes payable	\$	_	\$	662			
Capital lease obligations		38		44			
Total borrowings and capital lease obligations	'	38		706			
Less: Current portion of borrowings and capital lease obligations		15		676			
Total long-term capital lease obligations	\$	23	\$	30			

## Senior Revolving Credit Facility

In December 2011, the Company entered into a revolving credit facility (the "Facility"), pursuant to an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (as amended, the "Credit Agreement"), with the lenders named therein and PNC Bank, National Association ("PNC"), as a lender and administrative agent for the lenders. The Credit Agreement, as amended, contains certain covenants that restrict certain actions by the Company, including limitations on: (i) stock repurchases to \$100.0 million per year, subject to certain restrictions; and (ii) capital expenditures and commitments to \$50.0 million per year. The Credit Agreement also permits intercompany loans of up to \$375.0 million and requires the Company to meet certain financial covenant ratios that become effective when average outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement, including letters of credit, exceed the lesser of \$40.0 million or 40% of the total commitments during certain periods or if the outstanding borrowings exceed the borrowing base. If the financial covenant ratios are in effect, the Company must maintain a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.10 to 1.00, and a maximum leverage ratio of 2.00 to 1.00. As of June 30, 2018, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants.

As of June 30, 2018, the total commitments available from the lenders under the Facility were \$100.0 million. At June 30, 2018, the Company had no outstanding borrowings and \$0.6 million in outstanding letters of credit under the Facility, which reduces amounts available for borrowing under the Facility. As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company had \$99.4 million of available borrowing capacity under the Facility.

# Asia Revolving Credit Facilities

The Company's revolving credit facility agreement with HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited, Shanghai Branch ("HSBC"), or the "HSBC Facility," provides the Company uncommitted dual currency revolving loan facilities of up to 40.0 million Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"), or \$6.0 million, with a combined facility limit of RMB 60.0 million, or \$9.1 million. As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, there were no borrowings outstanding and borrowings under the HSBC Facility remained suspended at the discretion of HSBC.

The Company's one year revolving credit facility agreement with China Merchants Bank Company Limited, Shanghai Branch (the "CMBC Facility"), provides the Company a revolving loan facility of up to 30.0 million RMB, or \$4.5 million, subject to consent by the lender. The CMBC Facility will mature in January 2019. The CMBC Facility may be canceled or suspended at any time by either party. As of June 30, 2018, there were no borrowings outstanding on this credit facility.

#### Maturities

The maturities of the Company's debt and capital lease obligations were:

		As of 30, 2018
	(in the	ousands)
2018 (remainder of year)	\$	7
2019		13
2020		12
2021		6
Total principal debt maturities and capital lease obligations		38
Less: current portion		15
Non-current portion	\$	23

#### 7. COMMON STOCK REPURCHASE PROGRAM

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company repurchased 0.4 million and 1.8 million shares of its common stock, respectively, at a cost of \$5.9 million and \$25.9 million, including commissions, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company repurchased 1.4 million shares of its common stock, for \$10.0 million, including commissions. As of June 30, 2018, the Company had remaining authorization to repurchase approximately \$192.9 million of its common stock, subject to restrictions under its Credit Agreement.

#### 8. REVENUES

The Company adopted authoritative guidance related to the recognition of revenue from contracts with customers effective January 1, 2018 using the modified retrospective method. The comparative information presented in the condensed consolidated financial statements was not restated and is reported under the accounting standards in effect for the periods presented. See 'Revenue Recognition' in Note 2 — Recent Accounting Pronouncements for a discussion of the significant changes resulting from adoption of the guidance. The adoption of the guidance did not have a significant impact on revenues.

Revenues by reportable operating segment and by channel were:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2018									
	 Americas		Asia Pacific		Europe	Ot	ther Businesses		Total	
					(in thousands)					
Wholesale	\$ 53,920	\$	71,561	\$	38,820	\$	295	\$	164,596	
Retail	56,594		30,803		12,080		_		99,477	
E-commerce	27,248		26,036		10,647		_		63,931	
Total revenues	\$ 137,762	\$	128,400	\$	61,547	\$	295	\$	328,004	

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2018									
	Americas	Asia Pacific			Europe O		Other Businesses		Total	
					(in thousands)					
Wholesale	\$ 126,594	\$	143,294	\$	88,697	\$	608	\$	359,193	
Retail	91,310		48,417		19,256		_		158,983	
E-commerce	 43,688		33,851		15,437		_		92,976	
Total revenues	\$ 261,592	\$	225,562	\$	123,390	\$	608	\$	611,152	

Revenues are recognized in the amount expected to be received in exchange for goods when control of the products transfers to customers, and excludes various forms of promotions, which range from contractually-fixed percentage price reductions to sales returns, discounts, rebates, and other incentives that may vary in amount and must be estimated. Variable amounts are estimated based on an analysis of historical experience and adjusted as better estimates become available. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company recognized increases of \$0.2 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, to wholesale revenues due

to changes in estimates related to products transferred to customers in prior periods. There were no changes to estimates in retail and e-commerce channels during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018.

The Company elected to exclude from revenues taxes assessed by governmental authorities, including value-added and other sales-related taxes, that are imposed on and concurrent with revenue-producing activities, and as a result there is no change in presentation from prior comparative periods.

The following is a description of our principal revenue-generating activities by distribution channel. The Company has three reportable operating segments and sells its products using three primary distribution channels. For more detailed information about reportable operating segments, see 'Note 13 — Operating Segments and Geographic Information'.

#### Wholesale Channel

For the majority of wholesale customers, control transfers and revenues are recognized when the product is shipped or delivered from a manufacturing facility or distribution center to the wholesale customer. In certain cases, control of the product transfers and revenues are recognized when the customer receives the product at the designated delivery point. For certain customers, primarily in the Asia Pacific region, cash payment from customers is required in advance of delivery and revenues are recognized upon the later of cash receipt or delivery of the product. For a small number of customers in the Asia Pacific region, products are sold on consignment and revenues are recognized on a sell-through basis. Wholesale customers are invoiced when products are shipped or delivered.

The Company has arrangements that grant certain wholesale customers exclusive licenses, concurrent with the terms of the related distribution agreements, to use the Company's intellectual property in exchange for a sales-based royalty. Sales-based royalty revenues are recognized over the terms of the related license agreements as sales are made by the wholesalers.

#### Retail Channel

The Company transfers control of products and recognizes revenues at retail stores at the point of sale, in exchange for cash or other payment, primarily debit or credit card. A portion of the transaction price charged to our customers is variable, primarily due to promotional discounts or allowances, and terms that permit retail customers to exchange or return products for a full refund within a limited period of time. When recognizing revenues, the amount of revenues associated with expected sales returns is estimated based on historical experience, and adjustments to our estimates are made when the most likely amount of consideration we expect to receive changes.

#### E-commerce Channel

In the e-commerce channel, the Company transfers control and recognizes revenues when the product is shipped from the distribution centers. Payment from customers is primarily through debit and credit card and is made at the time the customer order is shipped.

Similar to the retail channel, a portion of the amount of revenue is variable, primarily due to sales returns, discounts, and other promotional allowances offered to our customers. When recognizing revenues, the amount of revenues associated with expected sales returns is estimated based on historical experience, and adjustments are made when the most likely amount of consideration changes. Historically, the amount of revenues associated with product returns in the e-commerce channel has been higher than the retail channel.

## Contract Liabilities

Contract liabilities consist of advance cash deposits received from wholesale customers to secure product orders in connection with seasonal selling seasons, and payments received in advance of delivery. As products are shipped and control transfers, the Company recognizes the deferred revenue in 'Revenues' in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. At January 1 and June 30, 2018, \$1.3 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, of deferred revenues associated with advance customer deposits were reported in 'Accrued expenses and other liabilities' in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Deferred revenues of \$1.4 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, were recognized in revenues during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018. The remainder of deferred revenues at June 30, 2018 are expected to be recognized in revenues during the third quarter of 2018 as products are shipped or delivered.

#### Refund Liabilities

Refund liabilities, primarily associated with product sales returns, retrospective volume rebates, and early payment discounts are estimated based on an analysis of historical experience, and adjustments to revenues made when the most likely amount of consideration expected changes. At January 1 and June 30, 2018, \$3.4 million and \$8.7 million, respectively, of refund liabilities, primarily associated with product returns, were reported in 'Accrued expenses and other liabilities' in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

#### 9. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company's share-based compensation awards are issued under the 2015 Equity Incentive Plan ("2015 Plan") and two predecessor plans, the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, and the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2007 Plan"). Any awards that expire or are forfeited under the 2007 Plan become available for issuance under the 2015 Plan. As of June 30, 2018, 2.2 million shares of common stock remained available for future issuance under all plans, subject to adjustment for future stock splits, stock dividends, and similar changes in capitalization.

Refer to Notes 1 and 10 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for a detailed description of the Company's share-based compensation awards, including information related to grant date fair value, vesting terms, performance, and other conditions.

#### Share-Based Compensation Expense

Pre-tax share-based compensation expense reported in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations was:

		Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	'	2018		2017		2018		2017	
	'			(in tho	usands	s)			
Cost of sales	\$	98	\$	111	\$	177	\$	200	
Selling, general and administrative expenses		3,243		1,225		5,838		3,745	
Total share-based compensation expense	\$	3,341	\$	1,336	\$	6,015	\$	3,945	

#### Stock Option Activity

Stock option activity during the six months ended June 30, 2018 was:

	Number of Options
	(in thousands)
Outstanding December 31, 2017	541
Granted	_
Exercised	(80)
Forfeited or expired	(27)
Outstanding June 30, 2018	434

As of June 30, 2018, the Company had \$0.3 million of total unrecognized share-based compensation expense related to unvested options, which is expected to be amortized over the remaining weighted average period of 1.89 years.

#### Restricted Stock Awards and Restricted Stock Units Activity

The Company grants time-based restricted stock awards ("RSAs") as well as time-based and performance-based restricted stock units ("RSUs"). RSA and RSU activity during the six months ended June 30, 2018 was:

	Restricted S	Stock A	wards	Restricted Stock Units			
	Shares		ghted Average ant Date Fair Value	Shares		ghted Average ant Date Fair Value	
Unvested at December 31, 2017	17	\$	6.84	3,791	\$	7.99	
Granted	35		18.61	1,369		14.18	
Vested	(39)		13.32	(1,041)		8.42	
Forfeited	_		_	(1,180)		7.39	
Unvested at June 30, 2018	13	\$	18.61	2,939	\$	11.09	

As of June 30, 2018, unrecognized share-based compensation expense for RSAs was \$0.2 million, which is expected to amortize over a remaining weighted average period of 0.93 years.

RSUs vested during the six months ended June 30, 2018 consisted of 0.8 million time-based awards and 0.2 million performance-based awards. As of June 30, 2018, unrecognized share-based compensation expenses for time-based and performance-based awards were \$10.7 million and \$9.2 million, respectively, and are expected to amortize over remaining weighted average period of 1.74 years and 2.68 years, respectively.

#### 10. INCOME TAXES

#### U.S. Federal Income Tax Reform

The Tax Act resulted in a number of significant changes to U.S. federal income tax law for U.S. corporations. Most notably, the statutory U.S. federal corporate income tax rate was changed from 35% to 21% for corporations. In addition to the change in the corporate income tax rate, the Tax Act further introduced a number of other changes including a one-time transition tax via a mandatory deemed repatriation of post-1986 undistributed foreign earnings and profits; the introduction of GILTI for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017; the limitation of deductible net interest to 30% of adjustable taxable income; the further limitation of the deductibility of share-based compensation of certain highly-compensated employees; the ability to elect to accelerate bonus depreciation on certain qualified assets; and BEAT.

Income tax expense and effective tax rates were:

	Three Months	d June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2018		2017	2018		2017
		(in	thousands, except	effective tax rate)		
Income before income taxes	\$ 37,377	\$	29,586 \$	64,589	\$	45,534
Income tax expense	3,000		7,627	13,758		12,564
Effective tax rate	8.0%		25.8%	21.3%		27.6%

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, the decrease in effective tax rates, compared to the same periods in 2017, is due to the release of valuation allowances in certain jurisdictions, partially offset by operating losses in certain jurisdictions where the Company has determined that it is not more likely than not to realize the associated tax benefits, tax expense recorded in profitable jurisdictions, and the impact of the GILTI provisions included in the Tax Act. The Company has elected to account for GILTI as a period cost, and therefore has included GILTI expense in the effective tax rate calculation. The Company's effective income tax rate, for each period presented, also differs from the federal U.S. statutory rate due to the release of valuation allowances in certain jurisdictions and differences in income tax rates between U.S. and foreign jurisdictions. The Company had unrecognized tax benefits of \$4.6 million and \$6.2 million at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, and the Company does not expect any significant changes in tax benefits in the next twelve months.

Our tax rate is volatile and may increase or decrease with changes in, among other things, the amount of income or loss by jurisdiction, our ability to utilize net operating losses and foreign tax credits, changes in tax laws, and the movement of liabilities established pursuant to accounting guidance for uncertain tax positions as statutes of limitations expire, positions are effectively settled, or when additional information becomes available. There are proposed or pending tax law changes in various jurisdictions and other changes to regulatory environments in countries in which we do business that, if enacted, may have an impact on our effective tax rate.

#### 11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings per common share ("EPS") for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 were:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2018		2017		2018		2017
			(i	in thousands, exc	ept p	er share data)		
Numerator:								
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	30,426	\$	18,086	\$	42,949	\$	25,241
Less: Net income allocable to Series A convertible preferred stockholders (1)		(5,121)		(2,843)		(7,205)		(3,971)
Adjusted net income available to common stockholders - basic and diluted	\$	25,305	\$	15,243	\$	35,744	\$	21,270
Denominator:								
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic		68,153		73,953		68,427		73,882
Plus: dilutive effect of stock options and unvested restricted stock units		3,314		619		2,035		743
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted		71,467		74,572		70,462		74,625
Net income per common share:								
Basic	\$	0.37	\$	0.21	\$	0.52	\$	0.29
Diluted	\$	0.35	\$	0.20	\$	0.51	\$	0.29

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the amount which would have been paid to preferred stockholders in the event the Company had declared a dividend on its common stock.

For the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, 0.1 million and 2.2 million options and restricted stock units, respectively, were excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS under the two-class method because the effect was anti-dilutive. For the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, 0.2 million and 0.8 million options and restricted stock units, respectively, were excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS under the two-class method because the effect was anti-dilutive. If converted, Series A Preferred Stock would represent approximately 16.8% of the Company's common stock outstanding, or 13.8 million additional common shares, as of June 30, 2018.

#### 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Rental Commitments and Contingencies

The Company rents retail store, office and warehouse space, vehicles, and equipment under operating leases expiring at various dates through 2033. Rent expense for leases with escalations or rent holidays is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term beginning on the lease inception date. Certain leases also provide for contingent rents, which are generally determined as a percent of sales in excess of specified levels. A contingent rent liability is recognized together with the corresponding rent expense when specified levels have been achieved or when the Company determines that achieving the specified levels during the period is probable.

Future minimum lease payments under operating leases were:

	Jun	As of e 30, 2018
	(in t	thousands)
2018 (remainder of year)	\$	24,955
2019		36,870
2020		29,706
2021		24,013
2022		17,404
Thereafter		39,581
Total minimum lease payments	\$	172,529

Minimum sublease rental income of \$0.2 million under non-cancelable subleases, and contingent rentals are excluded from the commitment schedule.

Rent expense under operating leases was:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				June 30,		
	2018		2017		2018		2017
	(in thousands)						
Minimum rentals (1)	\$ 17,565	\$	20,403	\$	35,844	\$	41,188
Contingent rentals	5,535		5,562		7,695		7,822
Less: Sublease rentals	(33)		(52)		(73)		(89)
Total rent expense	\$ 23,067	\$	25,913	\$	43,466	\$	48,921

<sup>(1)</sup> Minimum rentals include all lease payments as well as fixed and variable common area maintenance, parking, and storage fees, which were approximately \$2.4 million and \$2.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and \$4.8 million and \$5.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

#### **Purchase Commitments**

As of June 30, 2018, the Company had purchase commitments to third-party manufacturers, primarily for materials and supplies used in the manufacture of the Company's products, for an aggregate of \$80.3 million.

#### Other

The Company is regularly subject to, and is currently undergoing, audits by various tax authorities in the United States and several foreign jurisdictions, including customs duties, import, and other taxes for prior tax years.

During its normal course of business, the Company may make certain indemnities, commitments, and guarantees under which it may be required to make payments. The Company cannot determine a range of estimated future payments and has not recorded any liability for indemnities, commitments, and guarantees in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

See Note 14 — Legal Proceedings for further details regarding potential loss contingencies related to government tax audits and other current legal proceedings.

# 13. OPERATING SEGMENTS AND GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

The Company has three reportable operating segments based on the geographic nature of its operations: Americas, Asia Pacific, and Europe. In addition, the 'Other businesses' category aggregates insignificant operating segments that do not meet the reportable segment threshold, including manufacturing operations located in Mexico and Italy, and corporate operations.

Each of the reportable operating segments derives its revenues from the sale of footwear and accessories to external customers. Revenues for 'Other businesses' include non-footwear product sales to external customers that are excluded from the measurement of segment operating revenues and income.

Segment performance is evaluated based on segment results without allocating corporate expenses, or indirect general, administrative, and other expenses. Segment profits or losses include adjustments to eliminate inter-segment sales. Reconciling items between segment income from operations and income from operations consist of other businesses and unallocated corporate and other expenses, as well as inter-segment eliminations. The following tables set forth information related to reportable operating segments:

Asia Pacific       128,400       124,644       22         Europe       61,547       52,320       12         Total segment revenues       327,709       313,118       61         Other businesses       295       103         Total consolidated revenues       \$ 328,004       \$ 313,221       \$ 61         Income from operations: (1)       Total segment income from operations (1)       36,387       36,743       66         Asia Pacific       36,387       36,743       66         Europe       18,701       11,296       3         Total segment income from operations       94,777       82,465       16         Reconciliation of total segment income from operations to income before income taxes:       (16,531)       (5,035)       (2         Unallocated corporate and other (1)       (41,182)       (47,984)       (7         Income from operations       37,064       29,446       6         Foreign currency gains, net       283       162         Interest income       146       157         Interest expense       (132)       (188)         Other income       16       9	1,592 5,562 3,390 0,544 608 1,152	\$	253,877 222,989 103,971 580,837 291 581,128
Revenues:   Same   Sa	5,562 3,390 0,544 608 1,152		222,989 103,971 580,837 291
Americas       \$ 137,762       \$ 136,154       \$ 26         Asia Pacific       128,400       124,644       22         Europe       61,547       52,320       12         Total segment revenues       327,709       313,118       61         Other businesses       295       103         Total consolidated revenues       \$ 328,004       \$ 313,221       \$ 61         Income from operations: (1)       Total segment income from operations: (1)       36,387       36,743       66         Asia Pacific       36,387       36,743       66         Europe       18,701       11,296       3         Total segment income from operations       94,777       82,465       16         Reconciliation of total segment income from operations to income before income taxes:       (16,531)       (5,035)       (2         Unallocated corporate and other (1)       (41,182)       (47,984)       (7         Income from operations       37,064       29,446       6         Foreign currency gains, net       283       162         Interest income       146       157         Interest expense       (132)       (188)         Other income       16       9	5,562 3,390 0,544 608 1,152		222,989 103,971 580,837 291
Asia Pacific       128,400       124,644       22         Europe       61,547       52,320       12         Total segment revenues       327,709       313,118       61         Other businesses       295       103         Total consolidated revenues       \$ 328,004       \$ 313,221       \$ 61         Income from operations: (1)       Total segment income from operations: (2)       36,387       36,443       62         Asia Pacific       36,387       36,387       36,743       63         Europe       18,701       11,296       3         Total segment income from operations       94,777       82,465       16         Reconciliation of total segment income from operations to income before income taxes:       (16,531)       (5,035)       (2         Unallocated corporate and other (1)       (41,182)       (47,984)       (7         Income from operations       37,064       29,446       6         Foreign currency gains, net       283       162         Interest income       146       157         Interest expense       (132)       (188)         Other income       16       9	5,562 3,390 0,544 608 1,152		222,989 103,971 580,837 291
Europe         61,547         52,320         12           Total segment revenues         327,709         313,118         61           Other businesses         295         103           Total consolidated revenues         \$ 328,004         \$ 313,221         61           Income from operations: (1)         ***         ***         34,426         6           Asia Pacific         36,387         36,743         6           Europe         18,701         11,296         3           Total segment income from operations         94,777         82,465         16           Reconciliation of total segment income from operations to income before income taxes:         (16,531)         (5,035)         (2           Other businesses (2)         (16,531)         (5,035)         (2           Unallocated corporate and other (1)         (41,182)         (47,984)         (7           Income from operations         37,064         29,446         6           Foreign currency gains, net         283         162           Interest income         146         157           Interest expense         (132)         (188)           Other income         16         9	3,390 0,544 608 1,152	\$	103,971 580,837 291
Total segment revenues         327,709         313,118         61           Other businesses         295         103         103           Total consolidated revenues         \$ 328,004         \$ 313,221         \$ 61           Income from operations: (1)         8         39,689         \$ 34,426         \$ 62           Americas         \$ 39,689         \$ 34,426         \$ 62           Asia Pacific         36,387         36,743         6           Europe         18,701         11,296         3           Total segment income from operations         94,777         82,465         16           Reconciliation of total segment income from operations to income before income taxes:         (16,531)         (5,035)         (2           Other businesses (2)         (16,531)         (5,035)         (2           Unallocated corporate and other (1)         (41,182)         (47,984)         (7           Income from operations         37,064         29,446         6           Foreign currency gains, net         283         162           Interest income         146         157           Interest expense         (132)         (188)           Other income         16         9	0,544 608 1,152	\$	580,837 291
Other businesses         295         103           Total consolidated revenues         \$ 328,004         \$ 313,221         \$ 61           Income from operations: (1)	608	\$	291
Total consolidated revenues   \$ 328,004	1,152	\$	
Income from operations: (1)   Stage		\$	501 120
Americas       \$ 39,689       \$ 34,426       \$ 6         Asia Pacific       36,387       36,743       6         Europe       18,701       11,296       3         Total segment income from operations       94,777       82,465       16         Reconciliation of total segment income from operations to income before income taxes:       (16,531)       (5,035)       (2         Other businesses (2)       (16,531)       (41,182)       (47,984)       (7         Income from operations       37,064       29,446       6         Foreign currency gains, net       283       162         Interest income       146       157         Interest expense       (132)       (188)         Other income       16       9	3,228		381,128
Asia Pacific 36,387 36,743 66  Europe 18,701 11,296 3  Total segment income from operations 94,777 82,465 16  Reconciliation of total segment income from operations to income before income taxes:  Other businesses (2) (16,531) (5,035) (2)  Unallocated corporate and other (1) (41,182) (47,984) (7)  Income from operations 37,064 29,446 66  Foreign currency gains, net 283 162  Interest income 146 157  Interest expense (132) (188)  Other income 16 9	3,228		
Europe         18,701         11,296         3           Total segment income from operations         94,777         82,465         16           Reconciliation of total segment income from operations to income before income taxes:		\$	56,733
Total segment income from operations         94,777         82,465         16           Reconciliation of total segment income from operations to income before income taxes:         (16,531)         (5,035)         (2           Other businesses (2)         (16,531)         (41,182)         (47,984)         (7           Income from operations         37,064         29,446         6           Foreign currency gains, net         283         162           Interest income         146         157           Interest expense         (132)         (188)           Other income         16         9	2,971		63,496
Reconciliation of total segment income from operations to income before income taxes:           Other businesses (2)         (16,531)         (5,035)         (2           Unallocated corporate and other (1)         (41,182)         (47,984)         (7           Income from operations         37,064         29,446         6           Foreign currency gains, net         283         162           Interest income         146         157           Interest expense         (132)         (188)           Other income         16         9	5,564		23,582
before income taxes:  Other businesses (2) (16,531) (5,035) (2)  Unallocated corporate and other (1) (41,182) (47,984) (7)  Income from operations 37,064 29,446 (6)  Foreign currency gains, net 283 162  Interest income 146 157  Interest expense (132) (188)  Other income 16 9	7,763		143,811
Unallocated corporate and other (1)         (41,182)         (47,984)         (7           Income from operations         37,064         29,446         6           Foreign currency gains, net         283         162           Interest income         146         157           Interest expense         (132)         (188)           Other income         16         9			
Income from operations         37,064         29,446         6           Foreign currency gains, net         283         162           Interest income         146         157           Interest expense         (132)         (188)           Other income         16         9	7,465)		(10,650)
Foreign currency gains, net         283         162           Interest income         146         157           Interest expense         (132)         (188)           Other income         16         9	7,312)		(88,133)
Interest income       146       157         Interest expense       (132)       (188)         Other income       16       9	2,986		45,028
Interest expense         (132)         (188)           Other income         16         9	,354		438
Other income 16 9	425		307
<u></u>	(245)		(372)
T 27.77 0 20.50¢ 0	69		133
Income before income taxes <u>\$ 37,377 \$ 29,586 \$</u>	1,589	\$	45,534
Depreciation and amortization:		-	
Americas \$ 1,211 \$ 1,347 \$	2,515	\$	2,692
Asia Pacific 537 920	1,233		1,847
Europe 327 379	679		764
Total segment depreciation and amortization 2,075 2,646	1,427		5,303
Other businesses 1,431 1,741	2,955		3,488
Unallocated corporate and other 3,725 3,982	7,492		8,024
Total consolidated depreciation and amortization \$ 7,231 \$ 8,369 \$	1,874	\$	16,815

<sup>(1)</sup> In 2018, certain global marketing expenses previously reported within the operating segments are managed and reported within 'Unallocated corporate and other'. The previously reported amounts for income from operations for the second quarter and first six months ended June 30, 2017 have been revised to conform to the current year presentation. For the second quarter of 2017, adjustments for this revision had the following impacts (in thousands): income from operations for the 'Americas' segment increased by \$9,221; income from operations for the 'Asia Pacific' segment increased by \$3,438; income from operations for the 'Europe' segment increased by \$1,265; costs within

- 'Unallocated corporate and other' increased by \$13,924. For the first six months of 2017, adjustments for this revision had the following impacts (in thousands): income from operations for the 'Americas' segment increased by \$9,526; income from operations for the 'Asia Pacific' segment increased by \$3,466; income from operations for the 'Europe' segment increased by \$1,277; costs within 'Unallocated corporate and other' increased by \$14,269.
- (2) 'Other businesses' expense increases are due primarily to supply chain reorganization activities in conjunction with the closure of Mexico and Italy manufacturing and distribution facilities.

#### 14. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company was subjected to an audit by the Brazilian Federal Tax Authorities related to imports of footwear from China between 2010 and 2014. On January 13, 2015, the Company was notified about the issuance of assessments totaling 14.4 million Brazilian Real ("BRL"), or approximately \$3.7 million, plus interest and penalties, for the period January 2010 through May 2011. The Company has disputed these assessments and asserted defenses to the claims. On February 25, 2015, the Company received additional assessments totaling 33.3 million BRL, or approximately \$8.6 million, plus interest and penalties, related to the remainder of the audit period. The Company has also disputed these assessments and asserted defenses to these claims in administrative appeals. On August 29, 2017, the Company received a favorable ruling on its appeal of the first assessment, which dismissed all fines, penalties, and interest. The tax authorities have requested a special appeal to that decision. If the appeal is accepted, Crocs will have the opportunity to both defend the appeal as well as challenge it procedurally. Should the Brazilian Tax Authority prevail in this final administrative appeal, Crocs may still challenge the assessments through the court system, which would likely require the posting of a bond. Additionally, the second appeal for the remaining assessments was heard on March 22, 2018. That decision was partially favorable and resulted in an approximately 38% reduction in principal, penalties, and interest, leaving approximately \$5.3 million, plus interest and penalties, at risk for those assessments. The tax authorities have appealed that decision. Crocs intends to file a response to the tax authorities' appeal as well as a separate appeal against the unfavorable portion of the ruling. We have not recorded these items within the condensed consolidated financial statements as it is not possible at this time to predict the timing or outcome of this matter or to estimate a potential amount of loss, if any.

For all other claims and other disputes, the Company has accrued estimated losses of \$0.2 million within 'Accrued expenses and other liabilities' in its condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2018. Where the Company is able to estimate possible losses or a range of possible losses, the Company estimates that as of June 30, 2018, losses associated with these claims and other disputes are immaterial.

Although the Company is subject to other litigation from time to time in the ordinary course of business, including employment, intellectual property and product liability claims, the Company is not party to any other pending legal proceedings that it believes would reasonably have a material adverse impact on its business and financial results.

#### ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### Rusiness Overview

Crocs, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively the "Company," "Crocs," "we," "our," or "us") are engaged in the design, development, worldwide marketing, distribution, and sale of casual lifestyle footwear and accessories for men, women, and children. We strive to be the global leader in the sale of molded footwear characterized by functionality, comfort, color, and lightweight design. All of our products utilize our proprietary closed-cell resin, called Croslite<sup>TM</sup>, along with a range of other materials, enabling us to produce innovative, lightweight footwear.

#### **Known or Anticipated Trends**

Based on our recent operating results and current perspectives on our operating environment, we anticipate certain trends will impact our operating results:

- Consumer spending preferences continue to shift toward e-commerce and away from brick and mortar stores. This has resulted in continued sales
  growth in our e-commerce channel, as well as on various e-tail sites operated by wholesalers, and contributed to declining foot traffic in our retail
  locations.
- As we close less productive stores as leases expire and transfer select company-operated stores to distributors, we anticipate a reduction in retail revenues and a benefit to selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A"). Distributor revenues are reported within our wholesale channel.
- · Foreign exchange rate volatility impacts our reported U.S. Dollar results from our foreign operations.
- In 2017 we identified annual reductions in SG&A in the amount of \$75 to \$85 million which, once implemented, are projected to generate an annual \$30 to \$35 million improvement in earnings before interest and taxes by 2019, compared to 2016. We achieved approximately \$23 million of these SG&A reductions in 2017 while incurring approximately \$10 million of costs related to variable compensation. We remain on track to achieve the targeted SG&A reductions by 2019. We incurred \$11 million in non-recurring charges to achieve these SG&A reductions in 2017 and expect to incur approximately \$5 million in additional non-recurring charges related to SG&A reductions in 2018. We reduced our company-operated retail stores by 111 in 2017 and anticipate an additional reduction in 2018, reducing our total store count to under 400 from 558 over a two year period. The majority of company-operated store closures are occurring as store leases expire. We completed 50 store closures in the first six months of 2018.
- We are prioritizing growth in our lower-priced, higher-margin molded styles, primarily in clog and sandal silhouettes, as we drive global alignment of our product portfolio and focus on sustainable, profitable revenue growth.
- In connection with ongoing efforts to simplify the business and improve profitability, the Company made the decision to fully outsource our production to third party manufacturers and to close its manufacturing facilities in Mexico and Italy. The manufacturing facilities in Mexico and Italy and the distribution facility in Mexico will be closed by the end of 2018. The Company has incurred total charges of \$8.0 million before taxes in the first six months of 2018 related to the closures. The Company expects to incur approximately \$6 million of additional costs related to the Mexico and Italy closures through the remainder of 2018.

#### **Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

In addition to financial measures presented on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"), we present certain information related to our current period results of operations through "constant currency," which is a non-GAAP financial measure and should be viewed as a supplement to our results of operations and presentation of reportable operating segments under U.S. GAAP. Constant currency represents current period results that have been retranslated using prior year average foreign exchange rates for the comparative period to enhance the visibility of the underlying business trends excluding the impact of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations.

Management uses constant currency to assist in comparing business trends from period to period on a consistent basis in communications with the Board of Directors (the "Board"), stockholders, analysts, and investors concerning our financial performance. We believe constant currency is useful to investors and other users of our condensed consolidated financial statements as an additional tool to evaluate operating performance. We believe it also provides a useful baseline for analyzing trends in our operations. Investors should not consider constant currency in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial information prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

#### Second Quarter 2018 Financial Highlights

The following were significant developments in our businesses during the three months ended June 30, 2018:

- Revenues were \$328.0 million, growing 4.7% over the second quarter of 2017, or 2.3% on a constant currency basis.
- We sold 17.8 million pairs of shoes worldwide, an increase of 2.4% from 17.4 million pairs in the three months ended June 30, 2017.
- Gross margin was 55.3%, an increase of 110 basis points from last year's second quarter.
- SG&A was \$144.3 million compared to \$140.4 million in the second quarter of 2017. As a percent of revenues, SG&A improved 80 basis points and represented 44.0% of revenues. Second quarter 2018 results included \$1.3 million of non-recurring charges associated with our SG&A reduction plan compared to \$1.8 million in last year's second quarter and \$7.1 million of non-recurring charges associated with the closure of company-operated manufacturing and distribution facilities.
- Income from operations of \$37.1 million increased 25.9% compared to \$29.4 million in last year's second quarter. Net income attributable to common stockholders was \$30.4 million, or \$0.35 per diluted share, compared to \$18.1 million, or \$0.20 per diluted share, in last year's second quarter. We had 71.5 million and 74.6 million weighted average diluted common shares outstanding on June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- We continued to focus on improving the efficiency and effectiveness of our operations, including carefully managing and reducing our retail fleet, especially full-priced retail stores. During the three months ended June 30, 2018, we opened one store and closed 28 company-operated retail stores.
- We repurchased 0.4 million shares of common stock at an aggregate cost of \$5.9 million.

#### **Future Outlook**

We intend to continue advancing our strategic objectives, focusing on three key initiatives to:

- (1) drive sustainable, profitable revenue growth;
- (2) improve the quality of revenues to enhance gross margins, and;
- (3) simplify our business to reduce costs.

We are focusing on our core molded footwear heritage by narrowing our product line to emphasize higher-margin units, as well as developing innovative new casual lifestyle footwear platforms. By streamlining our product portfolio to focus on the most successful designs, driving global alignment of our product offerings, and investing in marketing, we believe we will create a more powerful consumer connection to the brand.

We are refining our business model around the world, prioritizing direct investment in larger-scale geographies to focus our resources on the demographics with the largest growth prospects, and transferring significant commercial responsibilities to distributors. Further, we are expanding our engagement with leading wholesale accounts in select markets to drive sales growth, optimize product placement, and enhance brand reputation.

# **Results of Operations**

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months I	Ende	ed June 30,	% Change		
		2018		2017		2018		2017	Q2 2018-2017	YTD 2018-2017
			(in	thousands, ex	cept	per share, ma	ırgiı	n, and average s	elling price data)	
Revenues	\$	328,004	\$	313,221	\$	611,152	\$	581,128	4.7 %	5.2 %
Cost of sales		146,604		143,414		289,879		277,737	(2.2)%	(4.4)%
Gross profit		181,400		169,807		321,273		303,391	6.8 %	5.9 %
Selling, general and administrative expenses		144,336		140,361		258,287		258,363	(2.8)%	<u> </u>
Income from operations		37,064		29,446		62,986		45,028	25.9 %	39.9 %
Foreign currency gains, net		283		162		1,354		438	74.7 %	209.1 %
Interest income		146		157		425		307	(7.0)%	38.4 %
Interest expense		(132)		(188)		(245)		(372)	29.8 %	34.1 %
Other income		16		9		69		133	77.8 %	(48.1)%
Income before income taxes		37,377		29,586		64,589		45,534	26.3 %	41.8 %
Income tax expense		3,000		7,627		13,758		12,564	60.7 %	(9.5)%
Net income		34,377		21,959		50,831		32,970	56.6 %	54.2 %
Dividends on Series A convertible preferred stock		(3,000)		(3,000)		(6,000)		(6,000)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Dividend equivalents on Series A convertible preferred shares related to redemption value accretion and beneficial conversion feature		(951)		(873)		(1,882)		(1,729)	(8.9)%	(8.8)%
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	30,426	\$	18,086	\$	42,949	\$	25,241	68.2 %	70.2 %
Net income per common share:							_			
Basic	\$	0.37	\$	0.21	\$	0.52	\$	0.29	76.2 %	79.3 %
Diluted	\$	0.35	\$	0.20	\$	0.51	\$	0.29	75.0 %	75.9 %
							_			
Gross margin (1)		55.3%		54.2%		52.6%		52.2%	110bp	40bp
Operating margin (1)		11.3%		9.4%		10.3%		7.7%	190bp	260bp
Footwear unit sales		17,846		17,422		34,879		33,817	2.4 %	3.1 %
Average footwear selling price - nominal basis	\$	18.05	\$	17.66	\$	17.18	\$	16.91	2.2 %	1.6 %
Average footwear selling price - constant currency basis (2)	\$	17.62	\$	17.66	\$	16.90	\$	16.91	(0.2)%	(0.1)%

<sup>(1)</sup> Changes for gross margin and operating margin are shown in basis points ("bp").

Revenues. Revenues increased \$14.8 million, or 4.7%, during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017 as we experienced growth in our e-commerce and wholesale channels that more than offset a decline in retail sales. Our wholesale channel grew by 7.2%, with especially strong performance in Europe and Asia Pacific during the second quarter. Our e-commerce channel grew by 23.8% due to increased traffic and improved conversion rates as consumers continued to migrate to online shopping channels, and the Company continued to invest in digital marketing. Our retail sales decreased by 8.0% in the second quarter of 2018 compared to the same period of 2017, as we operated 105 fewer retail stores compared to June 30, 2017. Total revenues increased by \$7.6 million, or 2.4%, due to higher sales volumes, in part due to continued growth in both our clog and sandal silhouettes primarily in our e-commerce and wholesale channels. Lower average selling prices ("ASP") decreased revenues by approximately \$0.5 million, or 0.2%. An increase of \$7.7 million, or 2.5%, resulted from foreign currency translation.

<sup>(2)</sup> Reflects year over year change as if the current period results were in constant currency, which is a non-GAAP financial measure. Constant currency represents current period results that have been retranslated using exchange rates in effect in the prior comparative period.

Revenues increased \$30.0 million, or 5.2%, in the six months ended June 30, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017. The increase in revenues was led by 23.9% growth in our e-commerce channel and 6.8% growth in our wholesale channel. These increases more than offset a reduction in retail revenues of 6.4%, the result of our targeted reductions in the number of company-operated retail stores. Higher sales volumes of approximately \$18.2 million, or 3.1%, were offset by a decrease of \$9.3 million, or 1.6%, attributable to a lower ASP as our product, store, and channel mix continued to change due to store closures and business model changes as we implement our strategic plan. An increase of \$21.1 million, or 3.7%, resulted from foreign currency translation.

Future changes in ASP will be impacted by: (i) the mix of products sold, (ii) the sales channel under which sales are made (as we generally realize higher sales prices from our retail and e-commerce channels compared to our wholesale channel), and (iii) the level of sales discounts and incentives we offer our customers

Cost of sales. Cost of sales increased \$3.2 million, or 2.2%, during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. Higher sales volume resulted in an increase in cost of sales of \$3.5 million, or 2.4%, and foreign currency translation resulted in an increase of \$3.6 million, or 2.5%. Changes in product mix and supply chain cost reductions contributed to lower average costs per unit, accounting for a \$3.9 million, or 2.7%, decline in cost of sales.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, cost of sales increased \$12.1 million, or 4.4%, compared to the same period in 2017. Higher sales volumes resulted in an increase of \$8.7 million, or 3.1%, in cost of sales, partially offset by a decrease of \$5.7 million, or 2.1%, due to a lower average cost per unit. Lower average costs per unit were primarily the result of product mix, reflecting our ongoing focus on core molded products, continued supply chain cost reductions, and a reallocation of third-party manufacturing production within the Asia Pacific region to lower-cost suppliers. The effect of foreign currency translation was an increase of \$9.1 million, or 3.4%, to cost of sales.

*Gross Profit.* Gross profit increased \$11.6 million, or 6.8%, during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. Gross margin improved 110 basis points to 55.3% compared to the same period in 2017, driven by favorable product mix and foreign currency impacts. An increase of approximately \$4.1 million, or 2.4%, resulted from higher sales volumes and an increase of \$4.1 million, or 2.4%, resulted from foreign currency translation. An increase of \$3.4 million, or 2.0%, resulted from decreases in average costs per unit which exceeded the decrease in ASP.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, gross profit increased \$17.9 million, or 5.9%, and gross margin increased 40 basis points to 52.6% compared to the same period in 2017. The increase in gross profit was primarily due to our continued focus on sales of higher margin products. Higher unit sales volumes of approximately \$9.5 million, or 3.1%, were partially offset by a decrease of \$3.6 million, or 1.2%, which resulted from a decline in our ASP that exceeded the decrease in our average cost per unit, and by an increase of \$12.0 million, or 4.0%, from foreign currency translation.

Selling, general and administrative expenses. SG&A increased \$4.0 million, or 2.8%, during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. The increase was primarily due to expenses of \$7.1 million related to the closure of our Mexico and Italy facilities and higher variable compensation of \$2.0 million, partially offset by lower professional service fees of \$3.4 million and lower other net expenses of \$1.7 million. As a percent of sales, SG&A improved by 80 basis points to 44.0%, a reflection of our SG&A reduction efforts.

SG&A was flat for the six months ended June 30, 2018, compared to the same period in 2017. As a percent of sales, SG&A improved by 220 basis points to 42.3%. A decrease of \$4.9 million in professional services fees and a decrease of \$4.4 million in facilities expenses as a result of fewer company-owned retail stores were partially offset by \$8.0 million in expenses related to the closure of our Mexico and Italy facilities, and higher marketing and other expenses of \$1.3 million.

Foreign currency gains, net. Foreign currency gains, net, consists of unrealized and realized foreign currency gains and losses from the remeasurement and settlement of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in non-functional currencies as well as realized and unrealized gains and losses on foreign currency derivative instruments. During the three months ended June 30, 2018, we recognized realized and unrealized net foreign currency gains of \$0.3 million compared to \$0.2 million during the three months ended June 30, 2017. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, we recognized realized and unrealized foreign currency net gains of \$1.4 million, compared to \$0.4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

Income tax expense. During the three months ended June 30, 2018, income tax expense decreased \$4.6 million compared to the same period in 2017. The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2018 was 8.0% compared to an effective tax rate of 25.8% for the same period in 2017, a 17.8% decrease. The decrease in the effective rate was due to the release of valuation allowances in certain jurisdictions, partially offset by operating losses in certain jurisdictions where the Company has determined that it is not more likely than not to realize the associated tax benefits, tax expense recorded in profitable jurisdictions, and the impact of the GILTI provisions included in the Tax Act. The Company has elected to account for GILTI as a period cost, and

therefore has included GILTI expense in the effective tax rate calculation. Our effective tax rate of 8.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 differs from the federal U.S. statutory rate due to the release of valuation allowances in certain jurisdictions and differences in income tax rates between U.S. and foreign jurisdictions.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, income tax expense increased \$1.2 million compared to the same period in 2017. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2018 was 21.3% compared to an effective tax rate of 27.6% for the same period in 2017, resulting in an effective tax rate decrease of 6.3%. This decrease in the effective rate was due to the release of valuation allowances in certain jurisdictions, partially offset by operating losses in certain jurisdictions where the Company has determined that it is not more likely than not to realize the associated tax benefits, tax expense recorded in profitable jurisdictions, and the impact of the GILTI provisions included in the Tax Act. The Company has elected to account for GILTI as a period cost, and therefore has included GILTI expense in the effective tax rate calculation. Our effective tax rate of 21.3% for the six months ended June 30, 2018 differs from the federal U.S. statutory rate differs from the federal U.S. statutory rate due to differences in income tax rates between U.S. and foreign jurisdictions as well as book losses in certain jurisdictions for which tax benefits cannot be recognized.

Our tax rate is volatile and may increase or decrease with changes in, among other things, the amount of income or loss by jurisdiction, our ability to utilize net operating losses and foreign tax credits, changes in tax laws, and the movement of liabilities established pursuant to accounting guidance for uncertain tax positions as statutes of limitations expire, positions are effectively settled, or when additional information becomes available. There are proposed or pending tax law changes in various jurisdictions and other changes to regulatory environments in countries in which we do business that, if enacted, may have an impact on our effective tax rate.

#### **Revenues By Channel**

	Th	ree Months	End	led June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			d June 30,	% C	hange	Constant Currency % Change (1)		
		2018		2017		2018 2017		Q2 2018-2017	YTD 2018-2017	Q2 2018-2017	YTD 2018-2017		
								(in tl	housands)			_	
Wholesale:													
Americas	\$	53,920	\$	57,307	\$	126,594	\$	128,333	(5.9)%	(1.4)%	(5.4)%	(1.0)%	
Asia Pacific		71,561		65,146		143,294		136,081	9.8 %	5.3 %	6.6 %	0.5 %	
Europe		38,820		30,947		88,697		71,530	25.4 %	24.0 %	18.3 %	12.3 %	
Other businesses		295		103		608		291	186.4 %	108.9 %	173.8 %	91.1 %	
Total wholesale		164,596		153,503		359,193		336,235	7.2 %	6.8 %	4.6 %	2.5 %	
Retail:													
Americas		56,594		55,576		91,310		88,405	1.8 %	3.3 %	1.7 %	3.1 %	
Asia Pacific		30,803		39,429		48,417		60,961	(21.9)%	(20.6)%	(25.0)%	(24.1)%	
Europe		12,080		13,071		19,256		20,490	(7.6)%	(6.0)%	(9.1)%	(10.4)%	
Total retail		99,477		108,076		158,983		169,856	(8.0)%	(6.4)%	(9.4)%	(8.3)%	
E-commerce:													
Americas		27,248		23,271		43,688		37,139	17.1 %	17.6 %	16.7 %	17.2 %	
Asia Pacific		26,036		20,069		33,851		25,946	29.7 %	30.5 %	22.9 %	23.2 %	
Europe		10,647		8,302		15,437		11,952	28.2 %	29.2 %	19.9 %	18.4 %	
Total e-commerce		63,931		51,642		92,976		75,037	23.8 %	23.9 %	19.6 %	19.5 %	
Total revenues	\$	328,004	\$	313,221	\$	611,152	\$	581,128	4.7 %	5.2 %	2.3 %	1.5 %	

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects year over year change as if the current period results were in constant currency, which is a non-GAAP financial measure. Constant currency represents current period results that have been retranslated using exchange rates in effect in the prior comparative period.

Wholesale channel revenues. Revenues from our wholesale channel increased \$11.1 million, or 7.2%, during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. An increase of approximately \$7.2 million, or 4.7%, from higher sales volumes due to increased customer demand, especially with e-tail customers as consumers shift towards online purchasing. Strength in volume was partially offset by a decrease of \$0.1 million, or less than 0.1%, attributable to a lower ASP, reflective of our focus on lower-priced, higher-margin molded footwear. Foreign currency translation drove an increase of \$4.0 million, or 2.6%.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, revenues from our wholesale channel increased \$23.0 million, or 6.8%, compared to the same period in 2017. Higher sales volumes of approximately \$14.8 million, or 4.4%, were partially offset by a lower ASP of \$6.3 million, or 1.9%, while the effect of foreign currency translation was an increase \$14.5 million, or 4.3%.

Retail channel revenues. Revenues from our retail channel decreased \$8.6 million, or 8.0%, during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. The decrease in retail channel revenues was due to targeted reductions in our company-operated retail store count, consistent with our store rationalization plan. As of June 30, 2018, we operated 105 fewer stores compared to the end of last year's second quarter. Our comparable retail store sales grew 7.1% on a global basis, indicative of increased traffic in our remaining company-operated stores. A decrease of \$13.5 million, or 12.5%, was due to lower sales volumes related to store count reduction, partially offset by a favorable impact of \$3.3 million, or 3.1%, to ASP related to product mix and improved quality of revenues, and an increase of \$1.6 million, or 1.4%, from foreign currency translation.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, revenues from our retail channel decreased \$10.9 million, or 6.4%, compared to the same period in 2017. The decrease in retail channel revenues was due primarily to net reduction of 105 company-operated retail store locations as we worked to optimize our store fleet, partially offset by ASP gains and favorable foreign currency impacts. Sales volumes decreased by approximately \$17.4 million, or 10.3%. Favorable product mix and improved quality of revenues, the results of less promotional discounting and improved inventory composition, resulted in a higher ASP impact of \$3.3 million, or 2.0%. An increase of \$3.2 million, or 1.9%, resulted from foreign currency translation.

*E-commerce channel revenues.* Revenues from our e-commerce channel, which includes our own e-commerce sites as well as sales through third-party marketplaces, increased \$12.3 million, or 23.8%, during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017, as this channel continued to grow in each region. Improved in-stock levels and investment in digital marketing resulted in increased e-commerce traffic and improved conversion rates. Revenues increased by \$9.4 million, or 18.3%, from higher sales volumes as a result of increased consumer demand and a continuing shift toward online purchasing. Changes in product mix resulted in an increase of \$0.7 million, or 1.3%, from higher ASP. Foreign currency translation resulted in an increase of \$2.2 million, or 4.2%.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, revenues from our e-commerce channel increased \$17.9 million, or 23.9%, compared to the same period in 2017. Revenues increased by \$14.2 million, or 18.9%, from higher sales volumes, and higher ASP related to mix contributed an additional \$0.4 million, or 0.5%. Favorable foreign currency translation resulted in an increase of \$3.3 million, or 4.5%.

#### **Reportable Operating Segments**

The following table sets forth information related to our reportable operating segments, including a comparison of revenues and operating income by segment:

	Three Months Ended June 30, Six Months Ended June 30.							Constant Currency				
			0,		S		nde	<u></u>		hange	•	ange (1)
		2018		2017		2018		2017	Q2 2018-2017	YTD 2018-2017	Q2 2018-2017	YTD 2018-2017
							(	in thousands	s)			
Revenues:												
Americas	\$	137,762	\$	136,154	\$	261,592	\$	253,877	1.2 %	3.0 %	1.3 %	3.1 %
Asia Pacific		128,400		124,644		225,562		222,989	3.0 %	1.2 %	(0.8)%	(3.6)%
Europe		61,547		52,320		123,390		103,971	17.6 %	18.7 %	11.7 %	8.5 %
Total segment revenues		327,709		313,118		610,544		580,837	4.7 %	5.1 %	2.2 %	1.5 %
Other businesses		295		103		608		291	186.4 %	108.9 %	173.8 %	91.1 %
Total consolidated revenues	\$	328,004	\$	313,221	\$	611,152	\$	581,128	4.7 %	5.2 %	2.3 %	1.5 %
Income from operations:												
Americas	\$	39,689	\$	25,205	\$	68,228	\$	47,207	57.5 %	44.5 %	57.2 %	44.5 %
Asia Pacific		36,387		33,305		62,971		60,030	9.3 %	4.9 %	6.4 %	0.2 %
Europe		18,701		10,031		36,564		22,305	86.4 %	63.9 %	80.6 %	51.1 %
Total segment income from operations		94,777		68,541		167,763		129,542	38.3 %	29.5 %	35.9 %	125.1 %
Other businesses <sup>(2)</sup>		(16,531)		(5,035)		(27,465)		(10,650)	(228.3)%	(157.9)%	110.5 %	154.4 %
Unallocated corporate and other (3)		(41,182)		(34,060)		(77,312)		(73,864)	(20.9)%	(4.7)%	5.4 %	(51.4)%
Total consolidated income from operations		37,064	\$	29,446	\$	62,986	\$	45,028	25.9 %	39.9 %	58.5 %	220.0 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects year over year change as if the current period results were in constant currency, which is a non-GAAP financial measure. Constant currency represents current period results that have been retranslated using exchange rates in effect in the prior comparative period.

## **Americas Operating Segment**

Revenues. Revenues for our Americas segment increased \$1.6 million, or 1.2%, during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. The increase in revenues was led by a 17.1%, increase in e-commerce revenues due to increased traffic as this channel continues to grow. Retail revenues increased by 1.8%, despite operating 15 fewer retail stores compared to the same period last year, as our comparable sales showed growth of 7.5%. These increases were offset in part by a decrease in wholesale channel revenues of 5.9%, due to the combination of a late start to Spring, timing of shipments, and currency instability in our South American markets. For all channels combined, lower sales volumes resulted in a decrease of approximately \$5.4 million, or 4.0%, which was offset by an increase in ASP of \$7.1 million, or 5.2%. The effect of foreign currency translation was a decrease of \$0.1 million, or less than 0.1%.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, revenues for our Americas segment increased by \$7.7 million, or 3.0%, compared to the same period in 2017. The increase in revenues resulted primarily from 17.6% higher e-commerce revenues as well as a 3.3% increase in retail revenues, which more than offset a slight decline in wholesale revenues. For all channels combined, higher sales

<sup>(2) &#</sup>x27;Other businesses' consists primarily of our owned and leased manufacturing facilities, which manufacture products for sale by our operating segments.

<sup>(3)</sup> Unallocated corporate and other includes corporate support and administrative functions, costs associated with share-based compensation, research and development, brand marketing, legal, and depreciation and amortization of corporate and other assets not allocated to operating segments.

volumes resulted in an increase of \$5.4 million, or 2.1%, along with an increase from higher ASPs of \$2.5 million, or 1.0%, while the effect of foreign currency translation was a decrease of \$0.2 million, or 0.1%.

Income from Operations. Income from operations for the Americas segment was \$39.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$14.5 million, or 57.5%, compared to the same period in 2017. Gross profit increased \$6.4 million, or 8.8%, and gross margin increased 400 basis points to 57.2%, compared to the same period in 2017. The increase in our Americas segment gross profit is due to the net impact of a decrease of \$4.2 million, or 5.8%, due to lower sales volumes and a increase of \$10.6 million, or 14.6%, due to an increase in ASP. The impact of foreign currency translation on gross margin was insignificant.

SG&A for our Americas segment decreased \$8.1 million, or 17.2%, during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. The decrease in SG&A was primarily due to lower marketing expenses of \$8.4 million, driven by a reduction in regionally controlled marketing and an increase in global brand marketing, which is managed within 'Other Businesses and Unallocated Corporate' that impacted segment results by \$9.2 million, partially offset by a net increase of \$0.3 million in other expenses, none of which were individually significant.

Income from operations for the Americas segment was \$68.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$21.0 million, or 44.5%, compared to the same period in 2017. Gross profit increased \$8.7 million, or 6.6%, and gross margin increased 180 basis points to 54.0%, compared to the same period in 2017. The increase in the Americas segment gross profit is due to an increase of \$2.8 million, or 2.1%, from higher sales volumes, an increase of \$5.9 million, or 4.5% in our ASP. The impact of foreign currency translation on gross margin was insignificant.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, SG&A for our Americas segment decreased \$12.3 million, or 14.4%, compared to the same period in 2017. The decrease in SG&A was due to reductions of \$9.6 million in marketing expenses, driven by a reduction in regionally controlled marketing and an increase in global brand marketing, which is managed within 'Other Businesses and Unallocated Corporate' that impacted segment results by \$9.5 million, \$1.7 million in compensation expenses, and \$0.9 million in facilities costs related to store closures, and a net decrease of \$0.1 million in other expenses, none of which were individually significant.

#### Asia Pacific Operating Segment

**Revenues.** Revenues for our Asia Pacific segment increased \$3.8 million, or 3.0%, during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. E-commerce revenues increased by 29.7%, and wholesale revenues increased by 9.8%, which were partially offset by a decrease in retail channel revenues. Retail revenues decreased by 21.9% as we operated 67 fewer stores in the region compared to the same period last year. Retail comparable sales of 2.9% reflected higher conversion rates in company-operated stores. For all channels combined, higher sales volumes drove an increase of \$1.1 million, or 0.9%, and a lower ASP resulted in a decrease of \$2.0 million, or 1.6%. The effect of foreign currency translation was an increase of \$4.7 million, or 3.7%.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, revenues for our Asia Pacific segment increased \$2.6 million, or 1.2%, compared to the same period in 2017. Ecommerce revenues increased by 30.5%, with growth in every country we operate in and strong results in key markets in the region, and wholesale revenues increased by 5.3%. Retail revenues decreased by 20.6% as a result of a lower number of company-operated retail stores. For all channels combined, an increase in sales volumes of approximately \$0.9 million, or 0.4%, was offset by a decrease in ASP of of \$8.9 million, or 4.0%. The effect of foreign currency translation was an increase of \$10.6 million, or 4.8%.

*Income from Operations.* Income from operations for the Asia Pacific segment was \$36.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$3.1 million, or 9.3%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017. Gross profit increased \$0.8 million, or 1.1%, and gross margin increased 110 basis points to 58.8% compared to the same period in 2017. The increase in gross profit is due to an increase of \$3.3 million, or 4.4%, due to higher sales volumes and a \$2.7 million, or 3.6%, increase from favorable foreign currency translation, partially offset by a decrease of \$5.2 million, or 6.9%, due to a lower ASP, reflecting our focus on lower-priced molded footwear.

SG&A for our Asia Pacific segment decreased \$2.3 million or 5.5%, during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. The decrease in SG&A was primarily due to decreases of \$2.1 million in marketing expenses, driven by a reduction in regionally controlled marketing and an increase in global brand marketing, which is managed within 'Other Businesses and Unallocated Corporate', that impacted segment results by \$3.4 million, \$1.8 million in compensation expenses, and \$0.6 million in facilities expense as a result of the reduction in the number of company-operated retail stores, partially offset by lower recoveries of previously written off accounts receivable of \$0.9 million and a net increase in other expenses of \$1.3 million, none of which were individually significant.

Income from operations for the Asia Pacific segment was \$63.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$2.9 million, or 4.9%, compared to the same period in 2017. Gross profit decreased \$1.3 million, or 1.0%, and gross margin decreased 120 basis points to 56.4% compared to the same period in 2017. The decrease in the Asia Pacific segment gross profit was due to a decrease in our ASP that exceeded the decline in our average costs per unit of \$8.0 million, or 6.2%, partially offset by an increase of \$6.2 million, or 4.8%, from favorable foreign currency translation and an increase in unit sales volumes of \$0.5 million, or 0.4%.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, SG&A for our Asia Pacific segment decreased \$4.2 million, or 6.2%, compared to the same period in 2017. The decrease in SG&A was primarily due to decreases of \$2.8 million in compensation and \$2.4 million in facilities expenses as a result of the reduction in the number of company-operated retail stores and our SG&A reduction efforts and a decrease of \$2.0 million in marketing expenses, driven by a reduction in regionally controlled marketing and an increase in global brand marketing, which is managed within 'Other Businesses and Unallocated Corporate' that impacted segment results by \$3.5 million, partially offset by lower recoveries of previously written off accounts receivable of \$1.9 million, and a net increase of \$1.1 million in sales expenses and other costs, none of which were individually significant.

#### **Europe Operating Segment**

**Revenues.** Revenues for our Europe segment increased \$9.2 million, or 17.6%, during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. E-commerce revenue grew 28.2%, reflecting higher online traffic and reduced promotional activity, and wholesale revenue grew 25.4%, more than offsetting a decline of 7.6% in retail results as we operated 23 fewer stores in the region compared to last year. Our retail comparable sales of 16.4% for the quarter benefited from increased demand and improved inventory positioning. Revenues increased \$7.3 million, or 13.9%, due to higher sales volumes, partly offset by a decrease of \$1.2 million, or 2.2%, due to a lower ASP in the region. Foreign currency translation drove an increase of \$3.1 million, or 5.9%.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, revenues for our Europe segment increased \$19.4 million, or 18.7%, compared to the same period in 2017. Ecommerce revenue grew 29.2% and wholesale revenue grew 24.0%, more than offsetting a 6.0% decline in retail revenues as we reduced the number of company-operated retail stores in the region. Approximately \$10.7 million, or 10.3%, of the increase was due to higher unit sales volumes, partially offset by a decrease of \$1.8 million, or 1.8%, from a lower ASP. Favorable foreign currency translation resulted in an increase of \$10.5 million, or 10.2%.

*Income from Operations.* Income from operations for the Europe segment was \$18.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$8.7 million, or 86.4%, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2017. Gross profit for the Europe segment increased \$6.7 million, or 23.9%, and gross margin increased 280 basis points to 56.2% compared to the same period in 2017. The increase in the Europe segment gross profit was due to the net impact of an increase of \$4.8 million, or 17.0%, from higher unit sales volumes, an increase of \$0.5 million, or 1.8%, from a higher ASP, and a \$1.4 million, or 5.1%, increase from foreign currency translation.

SG&A for our Europe segment decreased \$2.0 million, or 11.4%, during the three months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. The decrease in SG&A was primarily due to decreases in marketing expenses of \$1.2 million, driven by a reduction in regionally controlled marketing and an increase in global brand marketing, which is managed within 'Other Businesses and Unallocated Corporate' that impacted segment results by \$1.3 million, and facilities expense of \$0.8 million, resulting from reductions in the number of company-operated retail stores.

Income from operations for the Europe segment was \$36.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018, an increase of \$14.3 million, or 63.9%, compared to the same period in 2017. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, gross profit for the Europe segment increased \$13.1 million, or 24.4%, and gross margin increased by 250 basis points to 54.0% compared to the same period in 2017. The increase in the Europe segment gross profit is due to the net impact of a increase of \$5.5 million, or 10.3%, due to higher unit sales volumes, an increase of \$1.9 million, or 3.4%, due to a higher ASP, and an increase of \$5.7 million, or 10.7%, from foreign currency translation.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, SG&A for our Europe segment decreased \$1.2 million, or 3.7%, compared to the same period in 2017. The decrease in SG&A was primarily due to a decrease of \$1.2 million in facilities expenses as a result of the reduction in company-operated retail stores, a decrease of \$1.0 million in marketing expenses, driven by a reduction in regionally controlled marketing and an increase in global brand marketing, which is managed within 'Other Businesses and Unallocated Corporate' that impacted segment results by \$1.3 million, an increase of \$1.1 million in salaries and wages, and a decrease in other costs of \$0.1 million, none of which were individually significant.

# Other Businesses and Unallocated Corporate

During the three months ended June 30, 2018, total net costs within 'Other Businesses and Unallocated Corporate' increased by \$18.6 million compared to the same period in 2017. The increase was primarily due to higher marketing expenses of \$9.4 million, driven by a reduction in regionally controlled marketing and an increase in global brand marketing, which is managed within 'Other Businesses and Unallocated Corporate', that impacted segment results by \$13.9 million, and expenses related to our Mexico and Italy facility closures totaling \$6.4 million, increased variable compensation expense of \$2.0 million, and other net expenses of \$0.8 million.

During the six months ended June 30, 2018, total net costs within 'Other Businesses and Unallocated Corporate' increased by \$20.3 million compared to the same period in 2017. The increase was primarily due to an increase of \$13.8 million in marketing expenses, driven by a reduction in regionally controlled marketing and an increase in global brand marketing, which is managed within 'Other Businesses and Unallocated Corporate' that impacted segment results by \$14.3 million, \$7.1 million in expenses related to our Mexico and Italy facility closures, higher compensation expenses of \$2.9 million, partially offset by a net decrease in professional services and other expenses of \$3.5 million.

# **Store Locations and Comparable Store Sales**

The tables below illustrate the overall change in the number of our company-operated retail locations by type of store and reportable operating segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018:

	March 31, 2018	Opened	Closed/Transferred	June 30, 2018
Company-operated retail locations:				
Type:				
Kiosk/store in store	71	_	2	69
Retail stores	145	_	19	126
Outlet stores	209	1	7	203
Total	425	1	28	398
Operating segment:				
Americas	174	_	5	169
Asia Pacific	177	1	17	161
Europe	74	_	6	68
Total	425	1	28	398

	December 31, 2017	Opened	Closed/Transferred	June 30, 2018
Company-operated retail locations:				
Type:				
Kiosk/store-in-store	71	_	2	69
Retail stores	161	_	35	126
Outlet stores	215	1	13	203
Total	447	1	50	398
Operating segment:				
Americas	175	_	6	169
Asia Pacific	186	1	26	161
Europe	86	_	18	68
Total	447	1	50	398

Comparable retail store sales and direct to consumer store sales by operating segment were:

		Constant Currency (1)						
	Three Months En	ded June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2018	2017	2018	2017				
Comparable retail store sales: (2)								
Americas	7.5%	0.4 %	8.8%	(2.1)%				
Asia Pacific	2.9%	(0.9)%	3.6%	(1.1)%				
Europe	16.4%	0.7 %	9.2%	(2.5)%				
Global	7.1%	— %	7.3%	(1.8)%				

	Constant Currency (1)						
	Three Months End	led June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2018	2017	2018	2017			
Direct to consumer comparable store sales (includes retail and e-commerce): (2)							
Americas	10.4%	1.1%	11.4%	1.2%			
Asia Pacific	11.6%	13.3%	11.2%	10.9%			
Europe	18.0%	5.1%	13.2%	1.4%			
Global	11.8%	5.7%	11.6%	2.9%			

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects period over period change on a constant currency basis, which is a non-GAAP financial measure. Constant currency represents current period results that have been retranslated using exchange rates used in the prior comparative period.

#### Financial Condition, Capital Resources, and Liquidity

#### Liquidity

Our liquidity position as of June 30, 2018 was:

	June	e 30, 2018
	(in t	housands)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$	175,698
Available borrowings		99.400

As of June 30, 2018, we had \$175.7 million in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash and up to \$99.4 million of remaining availability under our revolving credit facilities. We believe that cash flows from operations, our cash and cash equivalents on hand, and available borrowings under our revolving credit facilities and other financing instruments will be sufficient to meet our liquidity needs and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next twelve months. Additional future financing may be necessary to fund our operations and there can be no assurance that, if needed, we will be able to secure additional debt or equity financing on terms acceptable to us or at all. Although we believe we have adequate sources of liquidity over the long term, the success of our operations, the global economic outlook, and the pace of sustainable growth in our markets, among other factors, could impact our business and liquidity.

Due to the seasonal nature of our footwear, which is more heavily focused on styles suitable for warm weather, cash flows from operating activities during our first quarter are typically lower as customer receivables and inventories rise in preparation for the Spring/Summer season. Cash flows from operating generated during our second and third quarters are generally higher, when the

<sup>(2)</sup> Comparable store status is determined on a monthly basis. Comparable store sales includes the revenues of stores that have been in operation for more than twelve months. Stores in which selling square footage has changed more than 15% as a result of a remodel, expansion, or reduction are excluded until the thirteenth month in which they have comparable prior year sales. Temporarily closed stores are excluded from the comparable store sales calculation during the month of closure. Location closures in excess of three months are excluded until the thirteenth month post re-opening. E-commerce revenues are based on same site sales period over period.

northern hemisphere is experiencing warmer weather. Accordingly, results of operations and cash flows for any one quarter are not necessarily indicative of expected results for any other quarter or for any other year.

#### Repatriation of Cash

As a global business, we have cash balances in various countries and amounts are denominated in various currencies. Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates impact our results of operations and cash positions. Future fluctuations in foreign currencies may have a material impact on our cash flows and capital resources. Cash balances held in foreign countries may have additional restrictions and covenants associated with them which could adversely impact our liquidity and our ability to timely access and transfer cash balances between entities.

As a result of the Tax Act, most of the cash held outside of the U.S. could be repatriated to the U.S. without incurring additional U.S. federal income taxes. In some countries, repatriation of certain foreign balances is restricted by local laws and could have adverse tax consequences if we were to move the cash to another country. As of June 30, 2018, we held \$129.8 million of our total \$171.5 million in cash in international locations. This cash is primarily used for the ongoing operations of the business in the locations in which the cash is held. Of the \$129.8 million, \$1.1 million could potentially be limited by local regulations. If the remaining \$128.7 million were to be immediately repatriated to the U.S., no additional U.S. federal income tax expense would be incurred.

#### Senior Revolving Credit Facility

In order to provide additional liquidity in the future and to help support our strategic goals, our senior revolving credit facility (the "Facility"), pursuant to an Amended and Restated Credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), provides for borrowings of up to \$100.0 million through February 2021. The Facility contains financial covenants that restrict certain actions by us, including limitations on: (i) stock repurchases to \$100.0 million per year, subject to certain restrictions; and (ii) capital expenditures and commitments to \$50.0 million per year. The Credit Agreement also permits intercompany loans of up to \$375.0 million and requires the Company to meet certain financial covenant ratios that become effective when average outstanding borrowings under the Credit Agreement, including letters of credit, exceed the lesser of \$40.0 million or 40% of the total commitments during certain periods or if the outstanding borrowings exceed the borrowing base. If the financial covenant ratios are in effect, the Company must maintain a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.10 to 1.00, and a maximum leverage ratio of 2.00 to 1.00. As of June 30, 2018, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants.

As of June 30, 2018, the total commitments available from the lenders under the Facility were \$100.0 million. At June 30, 2018, the Company had no outstanding borrowings and \$0.6 million in outstanding letters of credit under the Facility, which reduces amounts available for borrowing under the Facility. As of June 30, 2018, the Company had \$99.4 million of available borrowing capacity under the Facility.

#### Asia Revolving Credit Facilities

The Company's revolving credit facility agreement with HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited, Shanghai Branch ("HSBC"), or the "HSBC Facility," provides the Company uncommitted dual currency revolving loan facilities of up to 40.0 million Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"), or \$6.0 million, with a combined facility limit of RMB 60.0 million, or \$9.1 million. As of June 30, 2018, there were no borrowings outstanding and borrowings under the HSBC Facility remained suspended at the discretion of HSBC.

In January 2018, the Company entered into a revolving credit facility with China Merchants Bank Company Limited, Shanghai Branch, or the "CMBC Facility," which provides the Company a revolving loan facility of up to 30.0 million RMB, or \$4.5 million, subject to consent by the lender. The CMBC Facility will mature in January 2019. For RMB loans under the CMBC Facility, interest is based on a benchmark interest rate plus a certain number of basis points upon agreement by the lender and the Company at the time of borrowing. The CMBC Facility may be canceled or suspended at any time by either party. As of June 30, 2018, there were no borrowings outstanding on this credit facility.

#### Cash Flows

	Six Months Ended June 30,						
	2018			2017	\$ Change		% Change
Cash provided by operating activities	\$	40,861	\$	39,380	\$	1,481	3.8 %
Cash used in investing activities		(3,212)		(10,725)		7,513	70.1 %
Cash used in financing activities		(32,823)		(18,305)		(14,518)	(79.3)%
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		(6,183)		(717)		(5,466)	(762.3)%
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$	(1,357)	\$	9,633	\$	(10,990)	(114.1)%

Operating Activities. Our primary source of liquidity is cash provided by operating activities, consisting of net income adjusted for noncash items and changes in working capital. Cash provided by operating activities increased \$1.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2017. The increase in cash provided by operating activities resulted from the combined impacts of an increase in net income as adjusted for non-cash items, which resulted in a favorable change of \$24.8 million, and an unfavorable change in our operating assets and liabilities of \$23.3 million. The favorable change in net income adjusted for non-cash items was driven primarily by higher net income of \$17.9 million, as well as higher non-cash stock-based compensation and impairment expenses, offset in part by lower depreciation and amortization expenses. Higher accounts receivable, reflective of higher revenues, drove a use of cash \$20.8 million higher compared to 2017. Changes in prepaid expenses and other assets contributed an additional use of cash of \$13.7 million compared to 2017. Increased accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other liabilities at June 30, 2018 compared to June 30, 2017, were a source of \$12.9 million in cash as we improved our cash management. Changes in inventories were a \$1.8 million use of cash compared to the same period in 2017.

*Investing Activities.* The \$7.5 million decrease in cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2017 is due to lower net capital asset expenditures. Capital spend during the six months ended June 30, 2018 related primarily to information technology investment and distribution center and retail store improvements.

Financing Activities. The \$14.5 million increase in cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2018 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2017 resulted primarily from repurchase of 1.8 million shares of our common stock for approximately \$25.9 million compared to 1.4 million shares for approximately \$10.0 million in the first six months of 2017 and net repayments on borrowings of \$0.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$2.1 million for the same period in 2017. Our net borrowings decreased in the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 as we financed more of our short-term cash requirements from internal cash generated from operations.

#### **Contractual Obligations**

There have been no significant changes to the contractual obligations reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

#### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We had no material off-balance sheet arrangements as of June 30, 2018, other than certain operating lease and purchase commitments, which are described in Note 12 — Commitments and Contingencies.

# **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, sales, and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We evaluate our assumptions and estimates on an on-going basis. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

As of January 1, 2018, we adopted authoritative guidance related to revenue recognition from contracts with customers using the modified retrospective method. The comparative information presented in the condensed consolidated financial statements was not restated and is reported under the accounting standards in effect for the periods presented. The adoption of this guidance did not have, and is not expected to have, a significant impact on our reported revenues, gross margins or income from operations. We

changed our balance sheet presentation for expected product returns by reporting a product return asset for the right to receive returned products and a returns liability for amounts expected to be refunded to customers as a result of product returns. The product return asset is reported within 'Prepaid expenses and other assets'. The returns liability and payments received from customers for future delivery of products are reported within 'Accrued liabilities and other expenses' in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Effective January 1, 2018, the Company changed its inventory costing method for approximately 95% of its inventories from a lower of net realizable value or cost, using a moving average cost method, to lower of net realizable value or cost using a first-in-first-out method. The change from the Company's former inventory cost method did not have a significant effect on inventory or cost of sales, and, as a result, prior comparative financial statements have not been restated.

For a complete discussion of our critical accounting policies, please refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, and Note 2 — Recent Accounting Pronouncements — Revenue Recognition contained in the condensed consolidated financial statements in this report. There have been no other significant changes in our critical accounting policies or their application since December 31, 2017.

## **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 2 — Recent Accounting Pronouncements in the accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements for a description of recently adopted accounting pronouncements, and issued accounting pronouncements that we believe may have an impact on our consolidated financial statements when adopted.

#### ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

#### Interest Rate Risk

We centrally manage our debt and investment portfolios considering investment opportunities and risks, tax consequences and overall financing strategies. Our exposure to market risk includes interest rate fluctuations in connection with our revolving credit facility and certain financial instruments.

Borrowings under our Facility bear interest at a variable rate and are therefore subject to risk based upon prevailing market interest rates. Interest rates fluctuate as a result of many factors, including governmental monetary and tax policies, domestic and international economic and political considerations and other factors that are beyond our control. As of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, there were no borrowings outstanding under our Facility.

#### Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

As a global company, we have significant revenues and costs denominated in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar. We are exposed to the risk of gains and losses resulting from changes in exchange rates on monetary assets and liabilities within our international subsidiaries that are denominated in currencies other than the subsidiary's functional currency. Likewise, our U.S. companies are also exposed to the risk of gains and losses and the resulting changes in exchange rates on monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than the U.S. Dollar.

We have experienced and will continue to experience changes in international currency rates, impacting both results of operations and the value of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. We enter into forward foreign exchange contracts to buy or sell various foreign currencies to selectively protect against volatility in the value of non-functional currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities. Changes in the fair value of these forward contracts are recognized in earnings in the period that the changes occur. As of June 30, 2018, the U.S. Dollar notional value of our outstanding foreign currency forward exchange contracts was approximately \$247.0 million. The net fair value of these contracts at June 30, 2018 was a liability of \$0.1 million.

We perform a sensitivity analysis to determine the effects that market risk exposures may have on the fair values of our foreign currency forward exchange contracts. To perform the sensitivity analysis, we assess the risk of changes in fair values from the effect of hypothetical changes in foreign currency exchange rates. This analysis assumes a like movement by the foreign currencies in our hedge portfolio against the U.S. Dollar. As of June 30, 2018, a 10% appreciation in the value of the U.S. Dollar would result in a net increase in the fair value of our derivative portfolio of approximately \$4.9 million.

# Effects of Changes in Exchange Rates on Translated Results of International Subsidiaries

Changes in exchange rates have a direct effect on our reported U.S. Dollar consolidated financial statements because we translate the operating results and financial position of our international subsidiaries to U.S. Dollars using current period exchange rates. Specifically, we translate the statements of operations of our foreign subsidiaries into the U.S. Dollar reporting currency using exchange rates in effect during each reporting period. As a result, comparisons of reported results between reporting periods may be impacted significantly due to differences in the exchange rates used to translate the operating results of our international subsidiaries. For example, in our European operating segment, when the U.S. Dollar strengthens relative to the Euro, our reported U.S. Dollar results are lower than if there had been no change in the exchange rate, because more Euros are required to generate the same U.S. Dollar translated amount. Conversely, when the U.S. Dollar weakens relative to the Euro, the reported U.S. Dollar results of our Europe segment are higher compared to a period with a stronger U.S. Dollar relative to the Euro. Similarly, the reported U.S. Dollar results of our Asia Pacific operating segment, where the functional currencies are primarily the Japanese Yen, Chinese Yuan, Korean Won and the Singapore Dollar, are comparatively lower or higher when the U.S. Dollar strengthens or weakens, respectively, relative to these currencies.

An increase of 1% of the value of the U.S. Dollar relative to foreign currencies would have decreased our income before taxes during the three and six months ended June 30, 2018 by approximately \$0.4 million and \$1.0 million, respectively. The volatility of the exchange rates is dependent on many factors that cannot be forecasted with reliable accuracy. See Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Part I of this Form 10-Q for a discussion of the impact of the change in foreign exchange rates on our U.S. Dollar condensed consolidated statements of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

#### ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as such item is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"). Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2018, to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management necessarily applies its judgment in assessing the costs and benefits of such controls and procedures that, by their nature, can only provide reasonable assurance regarding management's control objectives.

## **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) during the three months ended June 30, 2018, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II — Other Information

#### ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company was subjected to an audit by the Brazilian Federal Tax Authorities related to imports of footwear from China between 2010 and 2014. On January 13, 2015, the Company was notified about the issuance of assessments totaling 14.4 million Brazilian Real ("BRL"), or approximately \$3.7 million, plus interest and penalties, for the period January 2010 through May 2011. The Company has disputed these assessments and asserted defenses to the claims. On February 25, 2015, the Company received additional assessments totaling 33.3 million BRL, or approximately \$8.6 million, plus interest and penalties, related to the remainder of the audit period. The Company has also disputed these assessments and asserted defenses to these claims in administrative appeals. On August 29, 2017, the Company received a favorable ruling on its appeal of the first assessment, which dismissed all fines, penalties, and interest. The tax authorities have requested a special appeal to that decision. If the appeal is accepted, Crocs will have the opportunity to both defend the appeal as well as challenge it procedurally. Should the Brazilian Tax Authority prevail in this final administrative appeal, Crocs may still challenge the assessments was heard on March 22, 2018. That decision was partially favorable and resulted in approximately a 38% reduction in principal, penalties, and interest, leaving approximately leaving approximately \$5.3 million, plus interest and penalties, at risk for those assessments. The tax authorities have appealed that decision. Crocs intends to file a response to the tax authorities' appeal as well as a separate appeal against the unfavorable portion of the ruling.

Although we are subject to other litigation from time to time in the ordinary course of business, including employment, intellectual property and product liability claims, we are not party to any other pending legal proceedings that we believe would reasonably have a material adverse impact on our business and financial results.

#### ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

#### ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

**Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities** 

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	rage Price I per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (1)	V th Pu	aximum Dollar falue of Shares hat May Yet be hrchased Under the Plans or Programs
April 1 - April 30, 2018	1,300	\$ 15.50	1,300	\$	198,739,313
May 1 - May 31, 2018	376,630	15.55	376,630		192,880,928
June 1 - June 30, 2018	_	_	_		192,880,928
Total	377,930	\$ 15.55	377,930	\$	192,880,928

<sup>(1)</sup> On December 26, 2013, the Company's Board of Directors approved and authorized a program to repurchase up to \$350.0 million of our common stock. On February 20, 2018, the Board increased the repurchase authorization up to \$500.0 million of our common stock. As of June 30, 2018, approximately \$192.9 million remained available for repurchase under our share repurchase authorization. The number, price, structure and timing of the repurchases, if any, will be at our sole discretion and future repurchases will be evaluated by us depending on market conditions, liquidity needs, restrictions under our Credit Agreement, and other factors. Share repurchases may be made in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions. The repurchase authorization does not have an expiration date and does not oblige us to acquire any particular amount of our common stock. The Board may suspend, modify, or terminate the repurchase program at any time without prior notice.

# ITEM 6. Exhibits

Exhibit N	umber	Description
3	3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Crocs, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Crocs, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-8, filed on March 9, 2006).
3	3.2	Certificate of Amendment to Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Crocs, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Crocs, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 12, 2007).
3	3.3	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Crocs, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Crocs, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-8, filed on March 9, 2006).
3	3.4	Certificate of Designations of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock of Crocs, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Crocs, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on January 27, 2014).
2	4.1	Specimen Common Stock Certificate (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Crocs, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1/A, filed on January 19, 2006).
10	0.1*	Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the Company's 2015 Equity Incentive Plan dated June 11, 2018 between Crocs, Inc. and Andrew Rees (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Crocs, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 13, 2018).
3	1.1†	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
3	1.2†	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
3	32†	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
101	.INS†	XBRL Instance Document.
101	.SCH†	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.	.CAL†	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101	.DEF†	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.	.LAB†	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
	.PRE†	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

Denotes a compensatory plan or arrangement.

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CROCS, INC.

Date: August 7, 2018 By: /s/ Carrie W. Teffner

Name: Carrie W. Teffner

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

#### **SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION**

#### I, Andrew Rees, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Crocs, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2018 /s/ Andrew Rees

Andrew Rees

President and Chief Executive Officer

#### **SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION**

I, Carrie W. Teffner, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Crocs, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2018 /s/ Carrie W. Teffner

Carrie W. Teffner

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

#### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,

#### AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906

# OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

The undersigned, President and Chief Executive Officer and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Crocs, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of their knowledge:

- (1) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the three months ended June 30, 2018 ("Form 10-Q") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)), and
- (2) The information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the period covered by this Form 10-Q.

Date: August 7, 2018 /s/ Andrew Rees

Andrew Rees

President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Carrie W. Teffner

Carrie W. Teffner

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Crocs, Inc. and will be retained by Crocs, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.