UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

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	FORM 10	-Q	
☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT	For the quarterly period ende		XCHANGE ACT OF 1934
□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT	TO SECTION 13 OR 15(a) For the transition period from	<i>'</i>	XCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	Commission File No. 00	00-51754	
	CROCS, IN	NC.	
	(Exact name of registrant as speci	fied in its charter)	
	77 East Dry Creek Parkway, Niv including zip code, of registrant's		loyer
	(303) 848-7000 Registrant's telephone number, in		
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) haduring the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ⊠ No □			
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has sub be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Re the registrant was required to submit and post such file	gulation S-T (§232.405 of this cl		
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a emerging growth company. See the definitions of "la in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):			
Large accelerated filer ■ Accelerated filer □	Non-accelerated filer ☐ (do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company □	Emerging growth company □
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mervised financial accounting standards provided purs			iod for complying with any new or
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a she	ell company (as defined in Rule 1	2b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ N	No ⊠
As of July 31, 2017, Crocs, Inc. had 71,761,509 share	s of its \$0.001 par value common	stock outstanding.	

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). From time to time, we may also provide oral or written forward-looking statements in other materials we release to the public. Such forward-looking statements are subject to the safe harbor created by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Statements that refer to industry trends, projections of our future financial performance, anticipated trends in our business and other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. These statements, which express management's current views concerning future events or results, use words like "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "continue," "estimate," "expect," "future," "intend," "plan," "project," "strive," and future or conditional tense verbs like "could," "may," "might," "should," "will," "would," and similar expressions or variations. Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements we make regarding:

- our expectations regarding future trends, expectations and performance of our business;
- · our belief that we have sufficient liquidity to fund our business operations during the next twelve months;
- our expectations about the impact of our strategic plans; and
- our expectations regarding our level of capital expenditures in 2017.

Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements include, without limitation, those described in the section entitled "Risk Factors" under Item 1A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 and subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Caution should be taken not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements. Moreover, such forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements.

Crocs, Inc. Table of Contents to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2017

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PART I — Financial Information

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

CROCS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2017 2016				2017		2016			
Revenues	\$	313,221	\$	323,828	\$	581,128	\$	602,968		
Cost of sales		143,414		154,188		277,737		303,962		
Gross profit		169,807		169,640		303,391		299,006		
Selling, general and administrative expenses		140,361		149,035		258,363		264,158		
Income from operations		29,446		20,605		45,028		34,848		
Foreign currency gain (loss), net		162		(1,700)		438		(2,947)		
Interest income		157		164		307		380		
Interest expense		(188)		(234)		(372)		(477)		
Other income (loss)		9		(189)		133		(107)		
Income before income taxes	<u>-</u>	29,586		18,646		45,534		31,697		
Income tax expense		7,627		3,109		12,564		6,014		
Net income	<u>-</u>	21,959		15,537		32,970		25,683		
Dividends on Series A convertible preferred stock		(3,000)		(3,000)		(6,000)		(6,000)		
Dividend equivalents on Series A convertible preferred shares related to redemption value accretion and beneficial conversion feature		(873)		(802)		(1,729)		(1,587)		
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	18,086	\$	11,735	\$	25,241	\$	18,096		
Net income per common share:	_									
Basic	\$	0.21	\$	0.13	\$	0.29	\$	0.21		
Diluted	\$	0.20	\$	0.13	\$	0.29	\$	0.20		
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic		73,953		73,389		73,882		73,238		
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted		74,572		74,243		74,625		74,389		

CROCS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2017 2016				2017		2016		
Net income	\$	21,959	\$	15,537	\$	32,970	\$	25,683	
Other comprehensive income:									
Foreign currency translation gain, net		2,951		1,871		7,465		6,671	
Total comprehensive income	\$ 24,910			\$ 17,408		\$ 40,435		32,354	

CROCS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

(in thousands, except per value)

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 156,962	\$	147,565	
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$50,700 and \$48,138, respectively	135,893		78,297	
Inventories	155,749		147,029	
Income tax receivable	5,830		2,995	
Other receivables	14,219		14,642	
Restricted cash - current	2,461		2,534	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	25,052		32,413	
Total current assets	496,166		425,475	
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$93,929, and \$88,603, respectively	41,018		44,090	
Intangible assets, net	68,411		72,700	
Goodwill	1,615		1,480	
Deferred tax assets, net	7,079		6,825	
Restricted cash	2,856		2,547	
Other assets	13,449		13,273	
Total assets	\$ 630,594	\$	566,390	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 82,980	\$	61,927	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	84,900		78,282	
Income taxes payable	14,978		6,593	
Current portion of borrowings and capital lease obligations	1,722		2,338	
Total current liabilities	184,580		149,140	
Long-term income tax payable	4,865		4,464	
Long-term capital lease obligations	40		40	
Other liabilities	13,766		13,462	
Total liabilities	203,251		167,106	
Commitments and contingencies			,	
Series A convertible preferred stock, 1.0 million authorized, 0.2 million shares outstanding, liquidation preference \$203 million	180,629		178,901	
Stockholders' equity:	100,029		170,501	
Preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share, 4.0 million shares authorized, none outstanding	_		_	
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, 94.7 million and 93.9 million issued, 73.0 million and 73.6 million				
shares outstanding, respectively	95		94	
Treasury stock, at cost, 21.7 million and 20.3 million shares, respectively	(294,252)		(284,237)	
Additional paid-in capital	368,036		364,397	
Retained earnings	220,966		195,725	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(48,131)		(55,596)	
Total stockholders' equity	246,714		220,383	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 630,594	\$	566,390	

CROCS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

		Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2017	2016		
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income	\$	32,970 \$	25,683		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		16,815	17,031		
Unrealized gains on foreign exchange, net		(1,744)	(4,884)		
Share-based compensation		3,945	5,898		
Other non-cash items		(2,872)	1,685		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable, net of allowances		(53,086)	(47,129)		
Inventories		(4,743)	2,148		
Prepaid expenses and other assets		12,567	(5,107)		
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities		35,528	24,493		
Cash provided by operating activities		39,380	19,818		
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Cash paid for purchases of property and equipment		(4,958)	(10,280)		
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		1,506	2,428		
Cash paid for intangible assets		(7,273)	(2,561)		
Change in restricted cash		30	(845)		
Cash used in investing activities		(10,695)	(11,258)		
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from bank borrowings		5,500	29,582		
Repayments of bank borrowings and capital lease obligations		(7,565)	(30,662)		
Dividends—Series A preferred stock		(6,000)	(6,000)		
Repurchases of common stock		(10,000)	_		
Other		(240)	(363)		
Cash used in financing activities		(18,305)	(7,443)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(983)	2,204		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	<u></u>	9,397	3,321		
Cash and cash equivalents—beginning of period		147,565	143,341		
Cash and cash equivalents—end of period	\$	156,962 \$	146,662		

CROCS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Unless otherwise noted in this report, any description of "we," "us" or "our" includes Crocs, Inc. ("Crocs" or the "Company,") and its wholly-owned subsidiaries within our reportable operating segments and corporate operations. The Company is engaged in the design, development, manufacturing, worldwide marketing and distribution of casual lifestyle footwear and accessories for men, women, and children. We strive to be the global leader in the sale of molded footwear featuring fun, comfort, color, and functionality. Our reportable operating segments include: the Americas, operating in North and South America; Asia Pacific, operating throughout Asia, Australia, New Zealand, Africa and the Middle East; and Europe, operating throughout Europe and Russia.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the Company's accounts and those of its wholly-owned subsidiaries, and reflect all adjustments which are necessary for a fair statement of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("U.S. GAAP"). Such unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. The year-end condensed balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 ("Annual Report"), and have been prepared on a consistent basis with the accounting policies described in Note 1 of the Notes to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements ("Notes") included in our Annual Report. Our accounting policies did not change in the six months ended June 30, 2017, except for the new accounting pronouncements adopted as described in Note 2 — Recent Accounting Pronouncements.

Seasonality of Business

Due to the seasonal nature of our footwear, which is more heavily focused on styles suitable for warmer weather, the Company's business is typically affected by seasonal trends, with higher levels of wholesale sales in its first and second quarters and higher retail sales in its second and third quarters. In addition, our quarterly results of operations may fluctuate significantly as a result of other factors, including general economic conditions or consumer confidence. Accordingly, the Company's operating results and cash flows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results and cash flows for any other quarter or for the full year.

Transactions with Affiliates

The Company receives services from three subsidiaries of Blackstone Capital Partners VI L.P. ("Blackstone"). Blackstone and certain of its permitted transferees currently beneficially own all the outstanding shares of the Company's Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, which is convertible into approximately 15.9% of the Company's common stock as of June 30, 2017. Two Blackstone representatives also serve on the Company's board of directors (the "Board").

Certain Blackstone subsidiaries provide various services, including inventory count, cybersecurity and consulting, and workforce management services. The Company paid \$0.4 million and \$0.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, for these services. Expenses related to these services are reported in 'Selling, general and administrative expenses' in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Research, Design and Development Expenses

Research, design and development expenses were \$2.2 million and \$2.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and \$5.1 million and \$5.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and are reported in 'Selling, general and administrative expenses' in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Marketing, Advertising and Promotional Expenses

Production of advertising and promotion costs are expensed when the advertising is first run. Advertising communication costs are expensed in the periods that the communications occur. Certain of the Company's promotional expenses result from payments under endorsement contracts. Payments under endorsement contracts are expensed on a straight-line basis over the related annual contract terms.

Total marketing expenses inclusive of advertising, production, promotional and agency expenses reported in 'Selling, general and administrative expenses' were:

	 Three Months	Ende	d June 30,		Six Months I	June 30,	
	2017	2016		2017		2016	
			(in thou	sands)			
Advertising, production, promotional and agency expenses	\$ 27,656	\$	29,342	\$	39,668	\$	37,598

Prepaid advertising and promotional endorsement costs of \$4.1 million and \$4.5 million were included in 'Prepaids and other current assets' in the condensed consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation and amortization expense related to property and equipment, and amortization expense related to definite-lived intangible assets, reported in 'Cost of sales' and 'Selling, general and administrative expenses' was:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 2016				June 30,			
				2016		2017		2016
	(in thousand					1		
Property and equipment:								
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$	3,151	\$	3,509	\$	6,342	\$	6,808
Cost of sales		570		420		1,123		806
Total depreciation and amortization expense		3,721		3,929		7,465		7,614
Intangibles:								
Selling, general and administrative expenses		3,463		3,188		6,947		6,748
Cost of sales		1,185		1,334		2,403		2,669
Total amortization expense		4,648		4,522		9,350		9,417
Total depreciation and amortization expense	\$	8,369	\$	8,451	\$	16,815	\$	17,031

2. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

New Accounting Pronouncement Adopted

Inventory Measurement

In July 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued authoritative guidance to measure in-scope inventory at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The Company adopted this guidance on January 1, 2017 on a prospective basis. The adoption did not have a significant effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

New Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

Stock Compensation Scope of Modification Accounting

In May 2017, the FASB issued authoritative guidance intended to clarify those changes to terms and conditions of stock-based compensation awards that are required to be accounted for as modifications of existing stock-based awards. This guidance is to be applied prospectively and becomes effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those periods, with early adoption permitted during any interim period. The Company does not expect this standard will have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Clarifying the Definition of a Business

In January 2017, the FASB issued authoritative guidance intended to clarify the definition of a business, for purposes of determining whether a business has been acquired or sold, and consequently whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions or disposals of a business, or as acquisitions or disposals of assets. This guidance is to be applied prospectively and becomes effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those periods. The Company does not expect this standard will have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows - Classification and Change in Cash

In August 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance intended to clarify how entities should classify certain cash receipts and cash payments on the statement of cash flows. Further, in November 2016, the FASB issued guidance requiring that restricted cash be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of-period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows. These updates are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted. The guidance should be applied retrospectively unless it is impractical to do so; in which case, the guidance should be applied prospectively as of the earliest date practicable. The Company is currently assessing the impact that adopting this new accounting standard will have on its consolidated financial statements.

Prepaid Stored-Value Products

In March 2016, the FASB issued guidance related to the recognition of breakage for certain prepaid stored-value products. This update aligns recognition of the financial liabilities related to prepaid stored-value products (for example, prepaid gift cards), with Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, for non-financial liabilities. In general, certain of these liabilities may be extinguished proportionally in earnings as redemptions occur, or when redemption is remote if issuers are not entitled to the unredeemed stored value. This standard is effective for annual periods (including interim periods) beginning after December 15, 2017, with early adoption permitted. The Company has elected the modified retrospective method of adoption. The Company is currently assessing the impact that adopting this new accounting standard will have on its consolidated financial statements.

Leases

In February 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance intended to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. Under the new guidance, lessees will be required to recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, measured on a discounted basis, at the commencement date for all leases with terms greater than twelve months. Additionally, this guidance will require disclosures to help investors and other financial statement users to better understand the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases, including qualitative and quantitative requirements. The guidance should be applied under a modified retrospective transition approach for leases existing at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the adoption-period financial statements. Any leases that expire before the initial application date will not require any accounting adjustment. This guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those annual periods, with early adoption permitted.

The Company will adopt this guidance beginning with the quarterly reporting period ending March 31, 2019. The Company is evaluating the full impact this guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements, and expects that adoption will result in significant increases in lease related assets and liabilities on its consolidated balance sheet.

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the FASB issued authoritative guidance related to new accounting requirements for the recognition of revenue from contracts with customers. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for the goods or services. Subsequent to the release of this guidance, the FASB has issued additional updates intended to provide interpretive clarifications and to reduce the cost and complexity of applying the new revenue recognition standard both at transition and on an ongoing basis. The new standard and related amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those annual periods. Upon adoption of the new standard, the use of either a full retrospective or modified retrospective transition method is permitted.

In December 2016, the Company established an implementation team and engaged external advisers to develop a multi-phase plan to assess the Company's business and contracts, as well as any changes to accounting policies, processes or systems necessary to adopt the requirements of the new standard. The Company has completed an initial review of its revenue contracts and terms and is assessing how adoption of the new standard will affect its consolidated financial statements and disclosures. The Company has elected the modified retrospective method of adoption. The Company is continuing its evaluation of the impact of the accounting and disclosure changes on its business processes, controls and systems. The Company will provide additional information regarding expected effects on its consolidated financial statements and disclosures in subsequent quarterly and annual reports.

Other Pronouncements

Other new pronouncements issued but not effective until after June 30, 2017 are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

3. INVENTORIES

The following table summarizes inventories by major classification:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
	(in the	ousands)
Finished goods	\$ 151,639	\$ 142,333
Raw materials	3,290	4,042
Work-in-progress	820	654
Total inventories	\$ 155,749	\$ 147,029

4. INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

Intangible Assets, Net

Other intangible assets consist of the following:

			June 30, 2017							December 31, 2016				
	Useful Life	Accum. Gross Amortiz. Net				Gross		Accum. Amortiz.		Net				
	(Years)						(in tho	usan	ıds)					
Intangible assets subject to amortization:														
Capitalized software	2 - 7	\$	144,461	\$	(83,892)	\$	60,569	\$	142,358	\$	(74,530)	\$	67,828	
Patents, copyrights, and trademarks	6 - 25		6,493		(5,626)		867		6,438		(5,471)		967	
Other			2,235		(2,235)		_		2,855		(2,855)		_	
Intangible assets not subject to amortization:														
In progress (1)			6,663		_		6,663		3,616		_		3,616	
Trademarks and other			312		_		312		289		_		289	
Total		\$	160,164	\$	(91,753)	\$	68,411	\$	155,556	\$	(82,856)	\$	72,700	

⁽¹⁾ Primarily capitalized software project costs under development.

Estimated future annual amortization expense of intangible assets is:

		June 30, 2017
		(in thousands)
2017 (remainder of year)	\$	8,829
2018		16,175
2019		13,809
2020		11,094
2021		10,701
Thereafter		828
Total	\$	61,436

5. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

The following table summarizes accrued expenses and other current liabilities:

	June 30, 2017	De	cember 31, 2016
	 (in the)	
Accrued compensation and benefits	\$ 29,716	\$	20,898
Fulfillment, freight and duties (1)	12,661		14,572
Professional Services	8,840		10,900
Sales/use and value added tax payable	6,430		4,978
Accrued rent and occupancy	7,721		7,335
Royalties payable and deferred revenue	7,250		7,475
Other (2)	12,282		12,124
Total accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$ 84,900	\$	78,282

⁽¹⁾ Includes customs duty legal accrual liability at December 31, 2016, which was settled in April 2017.

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

U.S. GAAP for fair value establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes fair value measurements based on the types of inputs used for the various valuation techniques (market approach, income approach and cost approach). The Company utilizes a combination of market and income approaches to value derivative instruments. The Company's financial assets and liabilities are measured using inputs from the three levels of the fair value hierarchy. The three levels of the hierarchy are as follows:

Level 2 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for similar assets and liabilities; Unadjusted quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; or Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.	Level 1	Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.	Level 2	Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for similar assets and liabilities;
		Unadjusted quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; or
		Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.	Level 3	Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

⁽²⁾ Includes current liabilities related to Series A preferred stock dividends at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. Other accrued liabilities at December 31, 2016 also includes net derivative liabilities.

The financial assets and liabilities that are measured and recorded at fair value on a recurring basis consist of the Company's derivative instruments. The Company's derivative instruments are foreign currency forward exchange contracts. The Company manages credit risk of its derivative instruments on the basis of its net exposure with its counterparty and has elected to measure the fair value in the same manner. All of the Company's derivative instruments are classified as Level 2 and are reported in the condensed consolidated balance sheets within 'Prepaid expenses and other assets' at June 30, 2017, and 'Accrued expenses and other liabilities' at December 31, 2016. There were no transfers between Level 1 or Level 2, nor were there any outstanding derivative instruments classified as Level 3 as of June 30, 2017 or December 31, 2016. The fair value of the Company's derivative instruments was an asset of \$2.8 million and a liability of \$0.2 million at June 30, 2017, and December 31, 2016, respectively. See Note 7 — Derivative Financial Instruments for more information.

The carrying amounts of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and current accrued liabilities approximate their fair value as recorded due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

The Company's borrowing instruments are recorded at their carrying values in the condensed consolidated balance sheets, which may differ from their respective fair values. The fair values of the Company's outstanding notes payable approximate their carrying values at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 based on interest rates currently available to the Company for similar borrowings.

		June 3	30, 20	17		Decembe	er 31,	2016
	Carrying Value F			Fair Value	C	Carrying Value		Fair Value
				(in the	usand	s)		
Borrowings and capital lease obligations	\$	1,762	\$	1,762	\$	2,378	\$	2,378

Non-Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Company's non-financial assets, which primarily consist of property and equipment, goodwill and other intangible assets, are not required to be carried at fair value on a recurring basis and are reported at carrying value. However, on a periodic basis or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying value may not be fully recoverable (and at least annually for goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets), non-financial instruments are assessed for impairment and, if applicable, written down to and recorded at fair value.

Impairment is reported in 'Selling, general and administrative expenses' in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations. The fair values of these assets were determined based on Level 3 measurements, including estimates of the amount and timing of future cash flows based upon historical experience, expected market conditions, and management's plans. The Company did not record any impairments during the six months ended June 30, 2017. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company recorded non-cash impairment to reduce the carrying values of certain retail store assets to their estimated fair value, as follows:

	 Three Months	Ended June 30,		Six Months E	inded J	June 30,
	2017	2016		2017		2016
			(in thousands)	1		
Retail store asset impairment	\$ _	\$	572 \$	_	\$	765

7. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company transacts business in various foreign countries and is therefore exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk that impacts the reported U.S. Dollar amounts of revenues, costs, and certain foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities. In order to manage exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency and to reduce the volatility in earnings caused by fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, the Company enters into forward contracts to buy and sell foreign currency. By policy, the Company does not enter into these contracts for trading purposes or speculation.

Counterparty default risk is considered low because the forward contracts that the Company enters into are over-the-counter instruments transacted with highly-rated financial institutions. The Company was not required to and did not post collateral as of June 30, 2017 or December 31, 2016.

The Company's derivative instruments are recorded at fair value as a derivative asset or liability in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company reports derivative instruments with the same counterparty on a net basis when a master netting arrangement is in place. Changes in fair value are recognized within 'Foreign currency gain (loss), net' in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. For the cash flow statement, the Company classifies cash flows from derivative instruments at settlement in the same category as the cash flows from the related hedged items within 'Cash used in operating activities'.

Results of Derivative Activities

The fair values of derivative assets and liabilities, net, which are reported within either 'Prepaid expenses and other assets' or 'Accrued expenses and other liabilities' in the condensed consolidated balance sheets were:

	June 30, 2017				December	31,	31, 2016		
	Derivative	e Assets	Derivative Lia	abilities	Derivativ	e Assets		Derivative Liabilities	
				(in tho	usands)				
Forward foreign exchange contracts									
Level 1	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Level 2		4,350	(1,597)		6,541		(6,698)	
Level 3		_		_		_		_	
		4,350	(1,597)		6,541		(6,698)	
Netting of counterparty contracts		(1,597)		1,597		(6,541)		6,541	
Foreign currency forward contract derivatives	\$	2,753	\$		\$	_	\$	(157)	

The notional amounts of outstanding foreign currency forward exchange contracts shown below report the total U.S. Dollar equivalent position and the net contract fair values for each foreign currency position.

		June 30, 2017				Decemb	er 31,	2016
	No	tional		Fair Value		Notional		Fair Value
				(in tho	usand	is)		
Japanese Yen	\$	64,840	\$	1,722	\$	87,171	\$	4,180
Euro		53,732		611		94,763		(2,611)
Singapore Dollar		33,618		427		71,228		(1,441)
South Korean Won		16,243		38		14,332		(660)
British Pound Sterling		8,833		(4)		8,278		407
Other currencies		62,418		(41)		52,449		(32)
Total	\$	239,684	\$	2,753	\$	328,221	\$	(157)
Latest maturity date	J	uly 2017				January 2017		

Amounts reported in 'Foreign currency gain (loss), net' in the condensed consolidated statements of operations include both realized and unrealized gains (losses) from foreign currency transactions and derivative contracts, and were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				June 30,			
		2017		2016		2017		2016
				(in thous	ands)		
Foreign currency transaction gain (loss)	\$	(1,417)	\$	6,503	\$	1,794	\$	8,765
Foreign currency forward exchange contracts gain (loss)		1,579		(8,203)		(1,356)		(11,712)
Foreign currency transaction gain (loss), net	\$	162	\$	(1,700)	\$	438	\$	(2,947)

8. REVOLVING CREDIT FACILITY AND BANK BORROWINGS

The Company's borrowings consist of:

		June 30, 2017	D	December 31, 2016
	(in thousands)			
Notes payable	\$	1,712	\$	2,329
Capital lease obligations		50		49
Total borrowings and capital lease obligations		1,762		2,378
Less: Current portion of borrowings and capital lease obligations		1,722		2,338
Total long-term capital lease obligations	\$	40	\$	40

Senior Revolving Credit Facility

The Company's Senior Revolving Credit Facility (the "Facility"), as amended, provides for borrowings of up to \$80 million through February 2021. The Facility contains certain covenants that restrict certain actions by the Company under the Facility, including limitations on: (i) stock repurchases to \$50 million per year, subject to certain restrictions; and (ii) capital expenditures and commitments to \$50 million per year. The Facility also requires the Company to meet certain financial covenant ratios that become effective when total borrowings under the Facility, including letters of credit, exceed \$20 million during certain periods or if the outstanding borrowings exceed the borrowing base. If the financial covenant ratios are in effect, the Company must maintain a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.10 to 1.00, and a maximum leverage ratio of 2.00 to 1.00. The weighted average interest rate on borrowings as of June 30, 2017 was 2.49%. As of June 30, 2017, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants.

As of June 30, 2017, the Company had outstanding letters of credit of \$1.3 million, which reduce the amounts available for borrowing under the terms of the Facility. As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had \$78.7 million of available borrowing capacity under the Facility.

Asia Revolving Credit Facility

The Company's revolving credit facility agreement (the "Asia Facility") with HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited, Shanghai Branch ("HSBC"), provides the Company uncommitted dual currency revolving loan facilities of up to 40.0 million Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"), or \$5.9 million, with a combined facility limit of RMB 60.0 million, or \$8.8 million. As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, borrowings under the Asia Facility remained suspended at the discretion of HSBC. The Asia Facility will mature in February 2021.

Notes Payable

Notes payable to finance the Company's enterprise software system costs and certain insurance premiums incur interest at fixed rates ranging from 1.95% to 2.83%

The maturities of the Company's debt and capital lease obligations were:

		June 30, 2017
		(in thousands)
2017 (remainder of year)	\$	1,722
2018		13
2019		13
2020		11
2021		3
Total principal debt maturities and capital lease obligations	_	1,762
Less: current portion		1,722
Non-current portion	\$	40

9. EQUITY

Common Stock

The Company has one class of common stock with a par value of \$0.001 per share. There are 250 million shares of common stock authorized for issuance. Holders of common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters presented to the stockholders.

Common Stock Repurchase Program

For the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company repurchased 1.4 million shares of its common stock for \$10.0 million, including commissions during the month of June 2017. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company did not repurchase any of its common stock. As of June 30, 2017, the Company had authorization to repurchase approximately \$108.7 million of its common stock.

Preferred Stock

The Company has authorized and available for issuance 4.0 million shares of preferred stock. None of these preferred shares are issued or outstanding.

Series A Convertible Preferred Stock

The Company is authorized to issue up to 1.0 million shares of Series A Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of which 0.2 million shares were issued to Blackstone and certain of its permitted transferees in January 2014. The Series A Preferred Stock has a stated value of \$1,000 per share.

Participation Rights and Dividends

Holders of the Series A Preferred Stock are entitled to receive dividends declared or paid on the Company's common stock and are entitled to vote together with the holders of the Company's common stock as a single class, in each case, on an as-converted basis. Holders of the Series A Preferred Stock also have certain limited special approval rights, including with respect to the issuance of *pari passu* or senior equity securities of the Company.

The Series A Preferred Stock ranks senior to the Company's common stock with respect to rights to preferred dividends, liquidation, winding-up, and dissolution. Holders of Series A preferred stock are entitled to cumulative dividends payable quarterly in cash at a rate of 6% per annum. If the Company fails to make timely dividend payments, the dividend rate will increase to 8% per annum until such time as all accrued but unpaid dividends have been paid in full. As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had accrued preferred dividends of \$3.0 million, which are reported in 'Accrued expenses and other liabilities' in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. These accrued dividends were paid in cash in July 2017 and January 2017, respectively.

Conversion Rights of the Company and Blackstone

The Series A Preferred Stock is convertible at the option of the holders at any time into shares of common stock at a conversion price of \$14.50 per share, subject to adjustment for customary anti-dilution provisions. Beginning January 27, 2017, provided the closing price of the Company's common stock has been equal to or greater than \$29.00 for 20 consecutive trading days, the Company may elect to convert all or a portion of the Series A Preferred Stock into an equivalent number of shares of common stock. At June 30, 2017, had the holders converted or the Company been entitled to exercise its conversion right, the Series A Preferred Stock would have been convertible into 13,793,100 shares of common stock.

Redemption Rights of the Company and Blackstone

The Company has the option to redeem the Series A Preferred Stock anytime on or after January 27, 2022 for 100% of the stated redemption value of \$200 million plus all accrued and unpaid dividends.

Blackstone has the option to cause the redemption of the Series A Preferred Stock any time after January 27, 2022 or upon a change in control. Further, upon certain change of control events, Blackstone can require the Company to repurchase the Series A Preferred Stock at 101% of the redemption value plus all accrued and unpaid dividends. The carrying value of the Series A Preferred Stock is accreted up to its \$200 million redemption value on a straight-line basis through the redemption date.

10. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company's share-based compensation awards are issued under the 2015 Equity Incentive Plan ("2015 Plan") and two predecessor plans, the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan and the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2007 Plan"). Any awards that expire or are forfeited under the 2007 Plan become available for issuance under the 2015 Plan. Shares of common stock reserved and authorized for issuance at June 30, 2017 under all plans were 8,033,135 shares, subject to adjustment for future stock splits, stock dividends, and similar changes in capitalization.

Refer to Notes 1 and 11 of the Company's Annual Report for a detailed description of the Company's share-based compensation awards, including information related to grant date fair value, vesting terms, performance and other conditions.

Share-Based Compensation Expense

Pre-tax share-based compensation expense reported in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations was as follows:

	Three Months	End	ed June 30,		Six Months I	Ended	l June 30,
	2017		2016		2017		2016
			(in tho	usano	ls)		_
Cost of sales	\$ 111	\$	123	\$	200	\$	251
Selling general and administrative expenses	1,225		2,949		3,745		5,647
Total share-based compensation expense	\$ 1,336	\$	3,072	\$	3,945	\$	5,898

Stock Option Activity

Stock option activity during the six months ended June 30, 2017 was:

	Number of Options
Outstanding December 31, 2016	518,252
Granted	200,000
Exercised	_
Forfeited or expired	(113,450)
Outstanding June 30, 2017	604,802

As of June 30, 2017, the Company had \$0.6 million of total unrecognized share-based compensation expense related to unvested options, which is expected to be amortized over the remaining weighted average period of 2.73 years. The weighted average exercise price of vested options was \$16.47 per share.

The grant date fair value of options granted during the three months ended June 30, 2017 was estimated using a Black-Scholes option pricing model and the following assumptions:

	Three Months Ended June 30,
	2017
Risk free rate	1.76
Dividend yield	_
Volatility	40.7
Expected term (years)	4
	14

Restricted Stock Awards and Restricted Stock Units Activity

The Company grants time-based and performance-based Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs"), and time-based Restricted Stock Awards ("RSAs"). RSA and RSU activity during the six months ended June 30, 2017 was:

	Restricted Stoc	k Awards	Restricted Sto	ock Units		
	Shares		Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value		
Unvested at December 31, 2016	11,430	\$ 10.28	3,855,368	\$ 10.31		
Granted	35,114	6.84	2,399,876	6.80		
Vested	(11,430)	10.28	(652,076)	10.69		
Forfeited	_	_	(1,663,792)	9.64		
Unvested at June 30, 2017	35,114	\$ 6.84	3,939,376	\$ 8.39		

RSAs vested during the six months ended June 30, 2017 consisted entirely of time-based awards. As of June 30, 2017, unrecognized share-based compensation expense for RSAs was \$0.2 million, which is expected to amortize over a remaining weighted average period of 0.93 years.

RSUs vested during the six months ended June 30, 2017 consisted of 583,759 time-based awards and 68,317 performance-based awards. As of June 30, 2017, unrecognized share-based compensation expense for time-based and performance-based awards was \$13.7 million and \$5.2 million, respectively, and is expected to amortize over a remaining weighted average period of 2.19 years.

11. INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense and effective tax rates were as follows:

	 Three Months	ed June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2017		2016	2017			2016	
		(in	thousands, excep	ousands, except effective tax rate)				
Income before income taxes	\$ 29,586	\$	18,646	\$	45,534	\$	31,697	
Income tax expense	7,627		3,109		12,564		6,014	
Effective tax rate	25.8%	16.7%			27.6%		19.0%	

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, the increase in effective tax rate, compared to the same periods in 2016, is primarily due to operating losses in certain jurisdictions where the Company is unable to record tax benefits because it has determined that it is not more likely than not that such tax benefits will be realized, as well as an increase in profitability in certain jurisdictions for which tax expense is recorded. The Company's effective income tax rate, for each period presented, also differs from the federal U.S. statutory rate primarily due to differences in income tax rates between U.S. and foreign jurisdictions as well as book losses in certain jurisdictions for which tax benefits cannot be recognized. There were no significant or unusual discrete tax items during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. The Company had unrecognized tax benefits of \$5.1 million and \$4.8 million at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, and the Company does not expect any significant changes in tax benefits in the next twelve months.

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings per common share ("EPS") for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	Three Months	End	ed June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2017		2016	2017			2016
			(in tho	usano	ds)		
Numerator:							
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 18,086	\$	11,735	\$	25,241	\$	18,096
Less: adjustment for income allocated to participating securities	(2,843)		(1,857)		(3,971)		(2,868)
Net income attributable to common stockholders - basic and diluted	\$ 15,243	\$	9,878	\$	21,270	\$	15,228
Denominator:		_					
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic	73,953		73,389		73,882		73,238
Plus: dilutive effect of stock options and unvested restricted stock units	619		854		743		1,151
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted	74,572		74,243		74,625		74,389
Net income per common share:							
Basic	\$ 0.21	\$	0.13	\$	0.29	\$	0.21
Diluted	\$ 0.20	\$	0.13	\$	0.29	\$	0.20

Diluted EPS is calculated using the two-class method. For the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, 2.2 million and 0.6 million options and restricted stock units, respectively, were excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS under the two-class method because the effect was anti-dilutive. For the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, 0.8 million and 1.0 million stock options and RSUs, respectively, and all potentially convertible Series A Preferred Stock shares were excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS under the two-class method because the effect would be anti-dilutive. If converted, Series A Preferred Stock would represent approximately 15.9% of the Company's common stock outstanding, or 13.8 million additional common shares as of June 30, 2017.

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Rental Commitments and Contingencies

The Company rents retail store, office and warehouse space, vehicles, and equipment under operating leases expiring at various dates through 2033. Rent expense for leases with escalations or rent holidays is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term beginning on the lease inception date. Certain leases also provide for contingent rents, which are generally determined as a percent of sales in excess of specified levels. A contingent rent liability is recognized together with the corresponding rent expense when specified levels have been achieved or when the Company determines that achieving the specified levels during the period is probable.

Future minimum lease payments under operating leases were as follows:

	June 30, 2017
	(in thousands)
2017 (remainder of year)	\$ 38,784
2018	66,144
2019	39,172
2020	27,723
2021	22,453
Thereafter	68,175
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 262,451

Minimum sublease rental income of \$0.1 million under non-cancelable subleases and contingent rentals, which may be paid under certain retail leases on a basis of percentage of sales in excess of stipulated amounts, are excluded from the commitment schedule.

Rent expense under operating leases are as follows:

					Ended June 30,				
2017		2016		2017		2016			
(in thousands)									
20,403	\$	22,588	\$	41,188	\$	44,983			
5,562		5,430		7,822		7,560			
(52)		(71)		(89)		(73)			
25,913	\$	27,947	\$	48,921	\$	52,470			
	5,562 (52)	20,403 \$ 5,562 (52)	(in thou 20,403 \$ 22,588 5,562 5,430 (52) (71)	(in thousands 20,403 \$ 22,588 \$ 5,562 5,430 (52) (71)	(in thousands) 20,403 \$ 22,588 \$ 41,188 5,562 5,430 7,822 (52) (71) (89)	(in thousands) 20,403 \$ 22,588 \$ 41,188 \$ 5,562 5,430 7,822 (52) (71) (89)			

(1) Minimum rentals include all lease payments as well as fixed and variable common area maintenance, parking, and storage fees, which were approximately \$2.8 million and \$2.7 million during the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and \$5.7 million and \$5.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Purchase Commitments

Under the terms of an annual supply agreement, the Company guarantees payment for certain third-party manufacturer purchases of raw materials used in the manufacture of its products, up to a maximum of €3.5 million (approximately \$4.0 million as of June 30, 2017).

As of June 30, 2017, the Company had purchase commitments with other third-party manufacturers, primarily for materials and supplies used in the manufacture of the Company's products, for an aggregate of \$81.6 million, and had renewed its agreement with a service provider for information technology services for three years at \$5.0 million per year.

Government Tax Audits

The Company is regularly subject to, and is currently undergoing, audits by various tax authorities in the United States and several foreign jurisdictions, including customs duties, import and other taxes for prior tax years. See Note 15 — Legal Proceedings for additional information.

Other

During its normal course of business, the Company may make certain indemnities, commitments and guarantees under which it may be required to make payments in relation to certain matters. The Company cannot determine a range of estimated future payments and has not recorded any liability for indemnities, commitments and guarantees in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

See Note 15 — Legal Proceedings for further details regarding potential loss contingencies related to government tax audits and other current legal proceedings.

14. OPERATING SEGMENTS AND GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

The Company has three reportable operating segments based on the geographic nature of its operations: the Americas, Asia Pacific, and Europe. In addition, the 'Other businesses' category aggregates insignificant operating segments that do not meet the reportable segment threshold, including manufacturing operations located in Mexico and Italy, and corporate operations.

Each of the reportable operating segments derives its revenues from the sale of footwear and accessories to external customers. Revenues for 'Other businesses' include non-footwear product sales to external customers that are excluded from the measurement of segment operating revenues and income.

Segment performance is evaluated based on segment results without allocating corporate expenses, or indirect general, administrative, and other expenses. Segment profits or losses include adjustments to eliminate inter-segment sales. As such, reconciling items for segment operating income represent unallocated corporate and other expenses as well as inter-segment eliminations. The following tables set forth information related to reportable operating segments:

		Three Months	Ende	ed June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2017		2016		2017		2016
Revenues: (1)								
Americas	\$	136,154	\$	135,097	\$	253,877	\$	259,227
Asia Pacific		124,644		130,846		222,989		235,347
Europe		52,320		57,660		103,971		107,997
Total segment revenues		313,118		323,603		580,837		602,571
Other businesses		103		225		291		397
Total consolidated revenues	\$	313,221	\$	323,828	\$	581,128	\$	602,968
Operating income: (1)	-							
Americas	\$	25,205	\$	18,015	\$	47,207	\$	34,592
Asia Pacific		33,305		34,533		60,030		60,383
Europe		10,031		8,437		22,305		14,960
Total segment income from operations		68,541		60,985		129,542		109,935
Reconciliation of total segment income from operations to income before income taxes:								
Other businesses		(5,035)		(6,038)		(10,650)		(12,111)
Unallocated corporate and other		(34,060)		(34,342)		(73,864)		(62,976)
Income from operations		29,446		20,605		45,028		34,848
Foreign currency gain (loss), net		162		(1,700)		438		(2,947)
Interest income		157		164		307		380
Interest expense		(188)		(234)		(372)		(477)
Other income		9		(189)		133		(107)
Income before income taxes	\$	29,586	\$	18,646	\$	45,534	\$	31,697
Depreciation and amortization:								
Americas	\$	1,347	\$	1,504	\$	2,692	\$	2,982
Asia Pacific		920		992		1,847		2,070
Europe		379		718		764		1,497
Total segment depreciation and amortization		2,646		3,214		5,303		6,549
Other businesses		1,741		1,736		3,488		3,446
Unallocated corporate and other		3,982		3,501		8,024		7,036
Total consolidated depreciation and amortization	\$	8,369	\$	8,451	\$	16,815	\$	17,031

(1) Revenues and operating results reflect targeted reductions of company-operated stores and discount channel sales, a focus on higher margin core molded products, and continued focus on driving selling, general and administrative expenses lower.

15. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company was subjected to an audit by the Brazilian Federal Tax Authorities related to imports of footwear from China between 2010 and 2014. On January 13, 2015, the Company was notified about the issuance of assessments totaling approximately \$4.4 million, plus interest and penalties, for the period January 2010 through May 2011. The Company has disputed these assessments and asserted defenses to the claims. On February 25, 2015, the Company received additional assessments totaling approximately \$10.1 million, plus interest and penalties, related to the remainder of the audit period. The Company has also disputed these assessments and asserted defenses to these claims in administrative appeals, and is awaiting definitive resolution of those administrative appeals. In the event that the definitive resolution of these administrative appeals is adverse to the Company, the Company has recourse to further judicial processes, which would likely require the posting of a bond. It is not possible at this time to predict the timing or outcome of this matter or to estimate a potential amount of loss, if any.

The Company was subjected to an audit by U.S. Customs & Border Protection ("CBP") in respect of the period from 2006 to 2010. In October 2013, CBP issued their final audit report. In that report CBP projected that unpaid duties totaling approximately \$12.4 million were due for the period under review and recommended collection of the duties due. On April 20, 2017, CBP agreed to settle the matter and accepted the Company's previously tendered payment of \$7 million. This matter is now closed. The settlement was reported in the Company's condensed financial statements as of March 31, 2017.

For all other claims and other disputes, the Company has accrued estimated losses of \$0.2 million within 'Accrued expenses and other liabilities' in its condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2017. Where the Company is able to estimate possible losses or a range of possible losses, the Company estimates that as of June 30, 2017, it is reasonably possible that losses associated with these claims and other disputes could potentially exceed amounts accrued by the Company by up to \$0.1 million.

The Company is subject to other litigation from time to time in the ordinary course of business, including employment, intellectual property and product liability claims. The Company is not party to any other pending legal proceedings that it believes would reasonably have a material adverse impact on its business, financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Business Overview

Crocs, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company," "Crocs," "we," "our," or "us") are engaged in the design, development, manufacturing, worldwide marketing, distribution and sale of casual lifestyle footwear and accessories for men, women, and children. The broad appeal of our footwear has allowed us to market our products through a wide range of distribution channels, our own Crocs single-branded stores including both full-price and outlet stores, our own e-commerce sites, traditional multi-branded stores including family footwear stores, sporting goods stores and a variety of specialty and independent retail channels, and third-party e-commerce sites. In select markets we also sell to distributors that are typically granted the rights to distribute our products in a given geographical area.

Known or Anticipated Trends

Based on our recent operating results and current perspectives on our operating environment, we anticipate certain trends to impact our operating results:

- · Continued softening in select global regional economies and a cautious retail environment may negatively affect customer purchasing trends.
- · Foreign exchange rate volatility may continue to impact our reported U.S. dollar results from our foreign operations for the foreseeable future.
- Consumer spending preferences continue to shift toward e-commerce and away from brick and mortar stores. This has resulted in continued sales
 growth in our e-commerce channel, as well as on various e-tail sites operated by wholesalers, and contributed to declining foot traffic in our retail
 locations.
- We anticipate lower retail revenues and selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A") as we close less productive stores as leases expire and transfer select company-operated stores to distributors. Distributor revenues are reported within our wholesale channel.
- We anticipate that our annual gross margin for 2017 will trend to approximately 50%, as our seasonal sale volumes are lower in our third and fourth quarters.
- We have identified reductions in SG&A in the amount of \$75 to \$85 million. These actions are projected to generate an annual \$30 to \$35 million improvement in earnings before interest and taxes by 2019. We expect to achieve approximately \$30 million of these SG&A reductions in 2017. We expect to incur charges of approximately \$10 to \$15 million over the next two years to achieve these SG&A reductions, with approximately \$7 to \$10 million of that being incurred in 2017. We anticipate closing or transferring approximately 90 and 70 company-operated retail stores in 2017 and 2018, respectively, thereby reducing our total store count to approximately 400 from 558 at the end of 2016. The majority of company-operated store closures will occur as store leases expire.

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to financial measures presented on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"), we present certain information related to our current period results of operations through "constant currency", which is a non-GAAP financial measure and should be viewed as a supplement to our results of operations and presentation of reportable segments under U.S. GAAP. Constant currency represents current period results that have been retranslated using prior year average foreign exchange rates for the comparative period to enhance the visibility of the underlying business trends excluding the impact of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations.

Management uses constant currency to assist in comparing business trends from period to period on a consistent basis in communications with the Board of Directors (the "Board"), stockholders, analysts, and investors concerning our financial performance. We believe constant currency is useful to investors and other users of our consolidated financial statements as an additional tool to evaluate operating performance. We believe it also provides a useful baseline for analyzing trends in our operations. Investors should not consider constant currency in isolation from, or as a substitute for, financial information prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Financial Highlights

The following are significant developments in our businesses during the three months ended June 30, 2017:

- Revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2017 were \$313.2 million, a decrease of \$10.6 million, or 3.3%, compared to the same period in 2016.
- Cost of sales for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was \$143.4 million, a decrease of \$10.8 million, or 7.0%, compared to the same period in 2016.
- Gross profit for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was \$169.8 million, an increase of \$0.2 million, or 0.1%. Gross margin increased 180 basis points to 54.2%, compared to the same period in 2016.
- Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased \$8.7 million, or 5.8%, including \$1.8 million in strategic consulting and reorganization costs, for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to the same period in 2016.
- Net income attributable to common stockholders increased \$6.3 million to \$18.1 million compared to \$11.7 million for the same period in 2016. Basic and diluted net earnings per common share ("EPS") were \$0.21 and \$0.20 respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to basic and diluted EPS of \$0.13 for the three months ended June 30, 2016.

Future Outlook

We intend to continue our strategic plans for long-term improvement and growth of the business, which comprise these key initiatives:

- (1) focusing on driving clogs and sandals growth (sandals includes flips, and slides),
- (2) enhancing brand relevance and esteem through our "Come as You Are" campaign, using effective digital marketing,
- (3) focusing on driving consistent growth in e-commerce and wholesale, and optimizing distributor and outlet productivity and performance,
- (4) focusing time and investment on driving growth in core markets in Asia and the Americas,
- (5) driving improved profitability through greater cost and working capital efficiency, and
- (6) elevating internal communication and employee engagement.

We believe these initiatives will better position Crocs to adapt to changing customer demands and global economic developments. We are focusing on our core molded footwear heritage by narrowing our product line with an emphasis on higher margin units, as well as developing innovative new casual lifestyle footwear platforms. By streamlining the product portfolio and reducing non-core product development, we believe we will create a more powerful consumer connection to the brand.

We are refining our business model around the world, prioritizing direct investment in larger-scale geographies to focus our resources on the demographics with the largest growth prospects, moving away from direct investment in the retail and wholesale businesses in smaller markets, and transferring significant commercial responsibilities to distributors and third-party agents. Further, we intend to expand our engagement with leading wholesale accounts in select markets to drive sales growth, optimize product placement and enhance brand reputation.

Comparison of Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 to Three Months Ended June 30, 2016

Results of Operations

		Three Months	Ende	l June 30,		Change			
		2017		2016	\$		%		
	(ir	n thousands, ex	cept pe	er share, margin,	unit	sales and average sel	lling price data)		
Revenues	\$	313,221	\$	323,828	\$	(10,607)	(3.3)%		
Cost of sales		143,414		154,188		(10,774)	(7.0)%		
Gross profit		169,807		169,640		167	0.1 %		
Selling, general and administrative expenses		140,361		149,035		(8,674)	(5.8)%		
Income from operations		29,446		20,605		8,841	42.9 %		
Foreign currency gain (loss), net		162		(1,700)		1,862	109.5 %		
Interest income		157		164		(7)	(4.3)%		
Interest expense		(188)		(234)		46	(19.7)%		
Other income, net		9		(189)		198	(104.8)%		
Income before income taxes		29,586		18,646		10,940	58.7 %		
Income tax expense		7,627		3,109		4,518	145.3 %		
Net income		21,959		15,537		6,422	41.3 %		
Dividends on Series A convertible preferred stock		(3,000)		(3,000)		_	— %		
Dividend equivalents on Series A convertible preferred shares related to redemption value accretion and beneficial conversion feature		(873)		(802)		(71)	8.9 %		
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	18,086	\$	11,735	\$	6,351	54.1 %		
Net income per common share:									
Basic	\$	0.21	\$	0.13	\$	0.08	61.5 %		
Diluted	\$	0.20	\$	0.13	\$	0.07	53.8 %		
Gross margin		54.2%		52.4%		180	3.5 %		
Operating margin		9.4%		6.4%		300	46.9 %		
Footwear unit sales		17,422		17,734		(312)	(1.8)%		
Average footwear selling price	\$	17.66	\$	18.05	\$	(0.39)	(2.2)%		

Revenues. Revenues decreased \$10.6 million, or 3.3%, in the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to the same period in 2016. The revenue decrease was primarily due to the sale of our Taiwan business in December 2016, targeted reductions in the number of our company-operated retail stores, and additional actions taken to optimize our wholesale, retail and e-commerce channels. Approximately \$5.7 million, or 1.8%, of the decrease was due to lower sales volumes, \$2.9 million, or 0.9%, was due to lower average selling prices as our product, store and channel mix continued to change, and the remaining decrease of \$2.0 million, or 0.6%, resulted from foreign currency translation.

Cost of sales. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, cost of sales decreased \$10.8 million, or 7.0%, compared to the same period in 2016. Lower average costs per unit were primarily the result of product mix, including sandals and clog silhouettes which cost less to produce, and continued supply chain cost reductions, including relocation of third-party manufacturing production within the Asia Pacific region. Approximately \$2.7 million, or 1.8%, of the decrease was due to lower unit sales volumes, \$7.5 million, or 4.8%, was related to lower average costs per unit, and \$0.6 million, or 0.4%, from foreign currency translation.

Gross profit. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, gross profit increased \$0.2 million, or 0.1%, and gross margin increased 180 basis points to 54.2%, compared to the same period in 2016. The increase in gross profit was primarily due to our continued focus on sales of higher margin core molded products, and reduced sales through discount channels. Approximately \$4.5 million, or 2.7%, of the increase was due to the combined impact of decreases in average costs per unit which exceeded decreases in average selling prices, partially offset by decreases of \$3.0 million, or 1.8%, resulting from lower sales unit volumes, and \$1.3 million, or 0.8%, from foreign currency translation.

Selling, general and administrative expenses. SG&A decreased \$8.7 million, or 5.8%, during the three months ended June 30, 2017, compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease was primarily due to the combined impacts of a timing related deferral of \$1.7 million in marketing expense related to our advertising and promotional activities, a decrease in facilities expenses of \$2.6 million, reflecting fewer company-operated retail stores and the sale of our Taiwan business, a decrease in net bad debts expense of \$1.2 million due to recoveries of previously reserved accounts receivable in China, and decreases of \$3.2 million related to our SG&A reduction efforts, none of which were individually significant.

Bad debt expense related to our China operations was not significant during 2017 or 2016, due to the implementation of a more restrictive credit policy in 2015 and our continued focus on the creditworthiness of our distribution partners.

Foreign currency gain (loss), net. Foreign currency gain (loss), net consists of foreign currency gains and losses from the re-measurement and settlement of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in non-functional currencies, and realized and unrealized gains and losses on foreign currency derivative instruments. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, we recognized realized and unrealized net foreign currency gains of \$0.2 million compared to net losses of \$1.7 million during the three months ended June 30, 2016.

Income tax expense. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, income tax expense increased \$4.5 million compared to the same period in 2016. The effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2017 was 25.8% compared to an effective tax rate of 16.7% for the same period in 2016, a 9.1% increase. The increase in the effective rate was driven primarily by operating losses in certain jurisdictions where we are unable to record tax benefits because we have determined that it is not more likely than not that such tax benefits will be realized, as well as an increase in profitability in certain jurisdictions for which tax expense is recorded. Our effective tax rate of 25.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2017 differs from the federal U.S. statutory rate primarily due to differences in income tax rates between U.S. and foreign jurisdictions as well as book losses in certain jurisdictions for which tax benefits cannot be recognized.

Revenues By Channel

	 Three Months	Ende	ed June 30,	Ch	ange	Constant Currency Change (1)		
	 2017		2016	\$	%	\$	%	
				(in tho	usands)			
Wholesale:								
Americas	\$ 57,307	\$	54,620	\$ 2,687	4.9 %	\$ 2,516	4.6 %	
Asia Pacific	65,146		74,640	(9,494)	(12.7)%	(8,541)	(11.4)%	
Europe	30,947		36,192	(5,245)	(14.5)%	(5,234)	(14.5)%	
Other businesses	103		225	(122)	(54.2)%	(121)	(53.8)%	
Total wholesale	 153,503		165,677	(12,174)	(7.3)%	(11,380)	(6.9)%	
Retail:								
Americas	55,576		57,786	(2,210)	(3.8)%	(2,108)	(3.6)%	
Asia Pacific	39,429		41,319	(1,890)	(4.6)%	(1,566)	(3.8)%	
Europe	13,071		13,950	(879)	(6.3)%	(1,138)	(8.2)%	
Total retail	 108,076		113,055	(4,979)	(4.4)%	(4,812)	(4.3)%	
E-commerce:								
Americas	23,271		22,691	580	2.6 %	659	2.9 %	
Asia Pacific	20,069		14,887	5,182	34.8 %	6,008	40.4 %	
Europe	8,302		7,518	784	10.4 %	902	12.0 %	
Total e-commerce	51,642		45,096	6,546	14.5 %	7,569	16.8 %	
Total revenues	\$ 313,221	\$	323,828	\$ (10,607)	(3.3)%	\$ (8,623)	(2.7)%	

Wholesale channel revenues. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, revenues from our wholesale channel decreased \$12.2 million, or 7.3%, compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease resulted from an intentional reduction of sales through discount channels and reduced sales to select, overstocked distributors in Asia, which we began in the third quarter of 2016 to improve the quality of our earnings. Approximately \$8.2 million, or 4.9%, of the decrease resulted from lower sales volumes, \$3.2 million, or 1.9%, is attributable to lower average selling prices, and \$0.8 million, or 0.5%, resulted from foreign currency translation.

Retail channel revenues. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, revenues from our retail channel decreased \$5.0 million or 4.4%, compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease in retail channel revenues compared to the same period in 2016 was due primarily to lower average sales prices as we shift to lower-priced molded product, combined with a net decrease of 55 company-operated retail store locations, as we work to optimize our store fleet. Approximately \$5.7 million, or 5.1%, of the decrease was attributable to lower average selling prices, a decrease of \$0.2 million, or 0.1%, resulted from foreign currency translation, which were partially offset by an increase of \$0.9 million, or 0.8%, from higher sales volumes.

E-commerce channel revenues. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, revenues from our e-commerce channel increased \$6.6 million, or 14.5%, compared to the same period in 2016, as this channel continues to grow in importance to our overall business. Revenues associated with an increase of \$15.4 million, or 34.0%, in sales volumes, particularly in the Asia Pacific segment, were offset in part by a decrease of \$7.8 million, or 17.3%, in lower average selling prices, and a decrease of \$1.0 million, or 2.2%, from foreign currency translation.

Future changes in average selling prices will be impacted by: (i) the mix of products sold, (ii) the sales channel under which the sales are made (as we generally realize higher sales prices from our retail and e-commerce channels as compared to our wholesale channel), and (iii) the level of sales discounts and incentives we offer our customers.

Comparison of the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 by Reportable Operating Segment

The following table sets forth information related to our reportable operating segments, including a comparison of revenues and operating income by segment:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Chan	ıge		Constant Currency Change (1)		
		2017		2016		\$	%		\$	%	
	(in thousands)										
Revenues:											
Americas	\$	136,154	\$	135,097	\$	1,057	0.8 %	\$	1,067	0.8 %	
Asia Pacific		124,644		130,846		(6,202)	(4.7)%		(4,099)	(3.1)%	
Europe		52,320		57,660		(5,340)	(9.3)%		(5,470)	(9.5)%	
Total segment revenues		313,118		323,603		(10,485)	(3.2)%		(8,502)	(2.6)%	
Other businesses		103		225		(122)	(54.2)%		(121)	(53.8)%	
Total revenues	\$	313,221	\$	323,828	\$	(10,607)	(3.3)%	\$	(8,623)	(2.7)%	
Income from operations:											
Americas	\$	25,205	\$	18,015	\$	7,190	39.9 %	\$	7,294	40.5 %	
Asia Pacific		33,305		34,533		(1,228)	(3.6)%		(654)	(1.9)%	
Europe		10,031		8,437		1,594	18.9 %		1,284	15.2 %	
Total segment operating income		68,541		60,985		7,556	12.4 %		7,924	13.0 %	
Other businesses (2)		(5,035)		(6,038)		1,003	(16.6)%		1,008	(16.7)%	
Unallocated corporate and other (3)		(34,060)		(34,342)		282	(0.8)%		(41)	0.1 %	
Total operating income	\$	29,446	\$	20,605	\$	8,841	42.9 %	\$	8,891	43.1 %	

- (1) Reflects year over year change as if the current period results were in "constant currency", which is a non-GAAP financial measure. "Constant currency" represents current period results that have been retranslated using exchange rates in effect in the prior comparative period.
- (2) Other businesses consists primarily of our owned and leased manufacturing facilities, which manufacture products for sale by our operating segments.
- (3) Unallocated corporate and other includes a corporate component consisting primarily of corporate support and administrative functions, costs associated with share-based compensation, research and development, brand marketing, legal, and depreciation and amortization of corporate and other assets not allocated to operating segments.

Americas Operating Segment

Revenues. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, revenues for our Americas segment increased \$1.1 million, or 0.8%, compared to the same period in 2016. Higher wholesale revenues, as a result of increased customer acceptance of our products in key family footwar accounts, and a modest increase in ecommerce revenues, were partially offset by lower retail revenues resulting from fewer company-operated retail stores. Higher sales volumes resulted in an increase of approximately \$3.0 million, or 2.2%, which was partially offset by a decrease in average selling prices of \$1.9 million, or 1.4%.

Income from Operations. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, gross profit for the Americas segment increased \$3.3 million, or 4.8%, and gross margin increased 206 basis points to 53.3%, compared to the same period in 2016. The increase in the Americas segment gross profit is due to the net impact of an increase of \$1.5 million, or 2.2%, due to higher sales volumes, an increase of \$1.9 million, or 2.8%, due to a decline in average costs per unit which exceeded the decline in average selling prices, and a decrease of \$0.1 million, or 0.2%, due to foreign currency translation.

During the three months ended June 30, 2017, SG&A for our Americas segment decreased \$3.9 million, or 7.5%, compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease in SG&A was primarily due to the net impact of a decrease of \$0.9 million in salaries and wages, a decrease of \$0.7 million in facilities expenses due primarily to reduced retail store locations, decreases of \$1.0 million in marketing, information technology and bad debts expenses, and decreases of \$1.3 million in services and other expenses, none of which were individually significant.

Asia Pacific Operating Segment

Revenues. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, revenues for our Asia Pacific segment decreased \$6.2 million, or 4.7%, compared to the same period in 2016. Wholesale revenues decreased due to the sale of our Taiwan business in December 2016, and reduced sales to select, overstocked distributors. Retail revenues decreased due to a lower number of company-operated retail stores. E-commerce revenues increased, with particularly strong results in China. Approximately \$13.8 million, or 10.5%, of the decrease was due to lower average selling prices, accompanied by a decrease of \$2.1 million, or 1.6%, from foreign currency translation, which were offset in part by an increase of \$9.7 million, or 7.4%, due to higher sales volumes.

Income from Operations. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, gross profit for the Asia Pacific segment decreased \$4.7 million, or 5.9%, and gross margin decreased 72 basis points to 59.9% compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease in the Asia Pacific segment gross profit is due to the net impact of an increase of \$5.9 million, or 7.4%, due to higher unit sales volumes, a decrease of \$9.2 million, or 11.6%, due to a decline in average selling prices that exceeded the decline in average costs per unit, and a \$1.4 million, or 1.7%, decrease from foreign currency translation.

During the three months ended June 30, 2017, SG&A for our Asia Pacific segment decreased \$3.4 million or 7.7%, compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease in SG&A was primarily due to the net impact of a reduction in net bad debts expense of \$0.9 million due to due to recoveries of previously reserved accounts receivable in China, a decrease of \$2.4 million in salaries, wages and facilities expenses as a result of the reduction in the number of company-operated retail stores and our SG&A reduction efforts, and a decrease of \$0.1 million in services and other costs.

Europe Operating Segment

Revenues. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, revenues for our Europe segment decreased \$5.3 million, or 9.3%, compared to the same period in 2016, as we continued reducing discount channel sales and our company-operated stores, while growing our e-commerce business. Approximately \$13.1 million, or 22.7%, of the decrease was due to lower sales volumes, which was offset in part by an increase of \$7.6 million, or 13.2%, attributable to higher average selling prices and an increase of \$0.2 million, or 0.2%, from foreign currency translation.

Income from Operations. During the three months ended June 30, 2017, gross profit for the Europe segment decreased \$0.9 million, or 3.3%, and gross margin increased 332 basis points to 53.4% compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease in the Europe segment gross profit was due to the net impact of a decrease of \$6.5 million, or 22.7%, from lower unit sales volumes, an increase of \$5.5 million, or 19.1%, from higher average selling prices that exceeded an increase in cost per unit, and a \$0.1 million, or 0.3%, increase from foreign currency translation.

During the three months ended June 30, 2017, SG&A for our Europe segment decreased \$2.5 million, or 12.4%, compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease in SG&A was primarily due to the net impact of a decrease of \$1.4 million in salaries, wages and facilities expenses, resulting from reductions in the number of company-operated retail stores and our SG&A reduction efforts, a \$0.7 million decrease in marketing expenses due to a timing deferral, and a decrease in services and other costs of \$0.4 million.

Unallocated Corporate and Other

During the three months ended June 30, 2017, total net costs within Unallocated Corporate and Other decreased by \$0.3 million or 0.8%, compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease was primarily due to decreases in services and other corporate expenses.

Store Locations and Comparable Store Sales

The table below illustrates the overall change in the number of our company-operated retail locations by type of store and reportable operating segment:

	March 31, 2017	Opened	Closed (1)	June 30, 2017
Company-operated retail locations:				
Type:				
Kiosk/store-in-store	90	_	6	84
Retail stores	219	1	29	191
Outlet stores	233	3	8	228
Total	542	4	43	503
Operating segment:				
Americas	186	_	2	184
Asia Pacific	260	3	35	228
Europe	96	1	6	91
Total	542	4	43	503

⁽¹⁾ We completed the transfer of twenty-five company-operated stores in the Middle-East and China to distributors during the period.

Comparable retail store sales and direct to consumer store sales by operating segment are as follows:

	Constant Curr	ency (1)
	Three Months End	led June 30,
	2017	2016
Comparable store sales (retail only): (2)		
Americas	0.4 %	(2.5)%
Asia Pacific	(0.9)%	(6.8)%
Europe	0.7 %	1.8 %
Global	0.0 %	(3.4)%

	Constant Cur	rency (1)
	Three Months En	ded June 30,
	2017	2016
Direct to consumer comparable store sales (includes retail and e-commerce): (2)		
Americas	1.1%	2.4%
Asia Pacific	13.3%	4.3%
Europe	5.1%	1.6%
Global	5.7%	2.9%

⁽¹⁾ Reflects period over period change on a "constant currency" basis, which is a non-GAAP financial measure. "Constant currency" represents current period results that have been retranslated using exchange rates used in the prior comparative period.

⁽²⁾ Comparable store status is determined on a monthly basis. Comparable store sales includes the revenues of stores that have been in operation for more than twelve months. Stores in which selling square footage has changed more than 15% as a result of a remodel, expansion or reduction are excluded until the thirteenth month in which they have comparable prior year sales. Temporarily closed stores are excluded from the comparable store sales calculation during the month of closure. Location closures in excess of three months are excluded until the thirteenth month post re-opening. E-commerce revenues are based on same site sales period over period.

Comparison of the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016

Results of Operations

		Six Months I	Ended	June 30,		Change			
		2017		2016		\$	%		
	(ir	n thousands, ex	cept p	er share, margin	, unit	sales and average	selling price data)		
Revenues	\$	581,128	\$	602,968	\$	(21,840)	(3.6)%		
Cost of sales		277,737		303,962		(26,225)	(8.6)%		
Gross profit		303,391		299,006		4,385	1.5 %		
Selling, general and administrative expenses		258,363		264,158		(5,795)	(2.2)%		
Income from operations		45,028		34,848		10,180	29.2 %		
Foreign currency transaction gain (loss), net		438		(2,947)		3,385	(114.9)%		
Interest income		307		380		(73)	(19.2)%		
Interest expense		(372)		(477)		105	(22.0)%		
Other expense, net		133		(107)		240	(224.3)%		
Income before income taxes		45,534		31,697		13,837	43.7 %		
Income tax expense		12,564		6,014		6,550	108.9 %		
Net income		32,970		25,683		7,287	28.4 %		
Dividends on Series A convertible preferred stock		(6,000)		(6,000)		_	<u> </u>		
Dividend equivalents on Series A convertible preferred shares related to redemption value accretion and beneficial conversion feature		(1,729)		(1,587)		(142)	8.9 %		
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	25,241	\$	18,096	\$	7,145	39.5 %		
Net income per common share:									
Basic	\$	0.29	\$	0.21	\$	0.08	38.1 %		
Diluted	\$	0.29	\$	0.20	\$	0.09	45.0 %		
	Ψ	0.27	Ψ	0.20	Ψ	0.07	43.0 70		
Gross margin		52.2%		49.6%		260	5.3 %		
Operating margin		7.7%		5.8%		197	34.1 %		
Footwear unit sales		33,817		34,001		(184)	(0.5)%		
Average footwear selling price	\$	16.91	\$	17.48	\$	(0.57)	(3.3)%		

Revenues. Revenues decreased \$21.8 million, or 3.6%, in the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease in revenues was primarily due to the sale of our Taiwan business in December 2016, targeted reductions in the number of company-operated retail stores, and additional actions taken to optimize our wholesale, retail and e-commerce channels. Approximately \$3.2 million, or 0.5%, of the decrease was due to lower sales volumes, \$17.6 million, or 2.9%, was due to lower average selling prices as our product, store, and channel mix continued to change, and \$1.0 million, or 0.2%, resulted from foreign currency translation.

Cost of sales. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, cost of sales decreased \$26.2 million, or 8.6%, compared to the same period in 2016. Lower average costs per unit were primarily the result of product mix, including sandals and clog silhouettes which cost less to produce, and continued supply chain cost reductions, including relocation of third-party manufacturing production within the Asia Pacific region. Approximately \$24.7 million, or 8.1%, of the decrease was due to lower average costs per unit, and \$1.6 million, or 0.5%, due to lower unit sales volumes, which was partially offset by an increase of \$0.1 million, or less than 1%, from foreign currency translation.

Gross profit. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, gross profit increased \$4.4 million, or 1.5%, and gross margin increased approximately 260 basis points to 52.2% compared to the same period in 2016. The increase in gross profit was primarily due to our continued focus on sales of higher margin core molded products, and reduced sales through discount channels. Approximately \$7.1 million, or 2.4%, of the increase was due to decreases in average costs per unit which exceeded decreases in average selling prices, which was partially offset by decreases of \$1.6 million, or 0.5%, from lower sales unit volumes, and \$1.1 million, or 0.4%, from foreign currency translation.

Selling, general and administrative expenses. SG&A decreased \$5.8 million, or 2.2%, during the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease was primarily due to the combined net impacts of a decrease of \$6.1 million in facilities expenses reflecting fewer companyowned retail stores, including impairment in 2016 of \$0.8 million, lower net bad debts expense of \$2.2 million due to recoveries of previously reserved accounts receivable in China, partially offset by higher marketing expenses of \$2.1 million and an increase in other expenses of \$0.4 million.

Bad debt expense related to our China operations was not significant during 2017 or 2016, due to the implementation of a more restrictive credit policy in 2015 and continued focus on the creditworthiness of our distribution partners.

Foreign currency gain (loss), net. Foreign currency gain (loss), net consists of foreign currency gains and losses from the re-measurement and settlement of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in non-functional currencies, and realized and unrealized gains and losses on foreign currency derivative instruments. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, we recognized realized and unrealized foreign currency net gains of \$0.4 million compared to net losses of \$2.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016

Income tax expense. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, income tax expense increased \$6.6 million compared to the same period in 2016. The effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was 27.6% compared to an effective tax rate of 19.0% for the same period in 2016, an 8.6% increase. The increase in the effective rate was driven primarily by operating losses in certain jurisdictions where we are unable to record tax benefits because we have determined that it is not more likely than not that such tax benefits will be realized, as well as an increase in profitability in certain jurisdictions for which tax expense is recorded. Our effective tax rate of 27.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2017 differs from the federal U.S. statutory rate primarily due to differences in income tax rates between U.S. and foreign jurisdictions as well as book losses in certain jurisdictions for which tax benefits cannot be recognized.

Revenues By Channel

	Six Months Ended June 30,			Change			Constant Currency Change (1)		
		2017		2016		\$	%	\$	%
						(in thousand	(s)		_
Wholesale:									
Americas	\$	128,333	\$	128,775	\$	(442)	(0.3)%	\$ (1,762)	(1.4)%
Asia Pacific		136,081		151,793		(15,712)	(10.4)%	(14,760)	(9.7)%
Europe		71,530		75,254		(3,724)	(4.9)%	(3,096)	(4.1)%
Other businesses		291		397		(106)	(26.7)%	(100)	(25.2)%
Total wholesale		336,235		356,219		(19,984)	(5.6)%	(19,718)	(5.5)%
Retail:									
Americas		88,405		93,535		(5,130)	(5.5)%	(5,066)	(5.4)%
Asia Pacific		60,961		63,838		(2,877)	(4.5)%	(2,730)	(4.3)%
Europe		20,490		21,505		(1,015)	(4.7)%	(1,549)	(7.2)%
Total retail		169,856		178,878		(9,022)	(5.0)%	(9,345)	(5.2)%
E-commerce:									
Americas		37,139		36,917		222	0.6 %	267	0.7 %
Asia Pacific		25,946		19,716		6,230	31.6 %	7,111	36.1 %
Europe		11,952		11,238		714	6.4 %	869	7.7 %
Total e-commerce		75,037		67,871		7,166	10.6 %	8,247	12.2 %
Total revenues	\$	581,128	\$	602,968	\$	(21,840)	(3.6)%	\$ (20,816)	(3.5)%

Wholesale channel revenues. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, revenues from our wholesale channel decreased \$20.0 million, or 5.6%, compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease was due to lower average sales prices as we shift to lower-priced molded product, an intentional reduction of sales through discount channels, and reduced sales to select, overstocked distributors in Asia, which we began in the third quarter of 2016 to improve the quality of our earnings. Approximately \$3.8 million, or 1.1%, of the decrease resulted from lower sales volumes, \$15.9 million, or 4.5%, was due to lower average selling prices, and \$0.3 million, or less than 1%, resulted from foreign currency translation.

Retail channel revenues. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, revenues from our retail channel decreased \$9.0 million, or 5.0% compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease in retail channel revenues was due primarily to lower average sales prices as we shift to lower-priced molded product, and a net decrease of 55 company-operated retail store locations, as we work to optimize our store base. Approximately \$7.0 million, or 3.9%, of the decrease was due to lower average selling prices, along with a decrease of \$2.4 million, or 1.3%, in sales volumes, partially offset by an increase of \$0.2 million, or 0.2%, from foreign currency translation.

E-commerce channel revenues. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, revenues from our e-commerce channel increased \$7.2 million, or 10.6%, compared to the same period in 2016., as this channel continued to grow in importance to our business. Approximately \$17.7 million, or 26.1%, of the increase resulted from higher sales volumes, primarily in the Asia Pacific segment, which was partially offset by decreases of \$9.5 million, or 14.0%, due to lower average selling prices, and \$1.0 million, or 1.5%, from foreign currency translation.

Future changes in average selling prices will be impacted by: (i) the mix of products sold, (ii) the sales channel under which the sales are made (as we generally realize higher sales prices from our retail and e-commerce channels as compared to our wholesale channel), and (iii) the level of sales discounts and incentives we offer our customers.

Comparison of the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 by Reportable Operating Segment

The following table sets forth information related to our reportable operating segments, including a comparison of revenues and operating income by segment:

	Six Months Ended June 30,			Change					
		2017		2016		\$	%	\$	%
Revenues:									
Americas	\$	253,877	\$	259,227	\$	(5,350)	(2.1)%	\$ (6,561)	(2.5)%
Asia Pacific		222,989		235,347		(12,358)	(5.3)%	(10,379)	(4.4)%
Europe		103,971		107,997		(4,026)	(3.7)%	(3,776)	(3.5)%
Total segment revenues		580,837		602,571		(21,734)	(3.6)%	(20,716)	(3.4)%
Other businesses		291		397		(106)	(26.7)%	(100)	(25.2)%
Total revenues	\$	581,128	\$	602,968	\$	(21,840)	(3.6)%	\$ (20,816)	(3.5)%
Income from operations:									
Americas	\$	47,207	\$	34,592	\$	12,615	36.5 %	\$ 12,599	36.4 %
Asia Pacific		60,030		60,383		(353)	(0.6)%	165	0.3 %
Europe		22,305		14,960		7,345	49.1 %	7,118	47.6 %
Total segment operating income		129,542		109,935		19,607	17.8 %	19,882	18.1 %
Other businesses (2)	\$	(10,650)		(12,111)		1,461	(12.1)%	1,430	(11.8)%
Unallocated corporate and other (3)		(73,864)		(62,976)		(10,889)	17.3 %	28,593	(45.4)%
Total operating income	\$	45,028	\$	34,848	\$	10,179	29.2 %	\$ 49,905	143.2 %

⁽¹⁾ Reflects year over year change as if the current period results were in "constant currency", which is a non-GAAP financial measure. "Constant currency" represents current period results that have been retranslated using exchange rates used in the prior comparative period.

- (2) Other businesses consists primarily of our owned and leased manufacturing facilities, which manufacture products for sale by our operating segments.
- (3) Unallocated corporate and other includes a corporate component consisting primarily of corporate support and administrative functions, costs associated with share-based compensation, research and development, brand marketing, legal, depreciation and amortization of corporate and other assets not allocated to operating segments.

Americas Operating Segment

Revenues. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, revenues for our Americas segment decreased \$5.4 million, or 2.1%, compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease in revenues resulted primarily from lower retail revenues as a result of fewer company-operated retail stores. Approximately \$4.0 million, or 1.5%, of the decrease related to a decrease in average selling prices, \$2.6 million, or 1.0%, resulted from lower unit sales volumes, which were partially offset by an increase of \$1.2 million, or 0.4%, from foreign currency translation.

Income from Operations. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, gross profit for the Americas segment increased \$8.9 million, or 7.2%, and gross margin increased 451 basis points to 52.2%, compared to the same period in 2016. The increase in the Americas segment gross profit is due to the net impact of a decrease of \$1.2 million, or 1.0%, due to lower unit sales volumes, an increase of \$9.9 million, or 8.0%, due to a decline in average costs per unit which exceeded the decline in average selling prices, and an increase of \$0.2 million, or 0.2%, due to foreign currency translation.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, SG&A for our Americas segment decreased \$3.7 million, or 4.2%, compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease in SG&A was primarily due to the net impact of a decrease of \$1.3 million in facilities expenses as a result of reductions in the number of company-operated retail stores, a decrease of \$0.7 million in impairment expense recorded in 2016, and a decrease of \$1.7 million in services, information technology, and other expenses, none of which were individually significant.

Asia Pacific Operating Segment

Revenues. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, revenues for our Asia Pacific segment decreased \$12.4 million, or 5.3%, compared to the same period in 2016. Wholesale revenues decreased due to the combined effects of the sale of our Taiwan business in December 2016, and reduced sales to select, overstocked distributors. Retail revenues decreased as a result of a lower number of company-operated retail stores. E-commerce revenues increased, with particularly strong performance in China. Approximately \$33.5 million, or 14.2%, of the decrease resulted from lower average selling prices, along with a decrease of \$2.0 million, or 0.9%, from foreign currency translation, partially offset by an increase of \$23.1 million, or 9.8%, due to higher sales volumes.

Income from Operations. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, gross profit for the Asia Pacific segment decreased \$8.5 million, or 6.2%, and gross margin decreased 60 basis points to 57.6% compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease in the Asia Pacific segment gross profit is due to the net impact of a decrease of \$20.7 million, or 15.1%, due to a decline in average selling prices that exceeded the decline in average costs per unit, a decrease of \$1.3 million, or 0.9%, from foreign currency translation, partially offset by an increase of \$13.5 million, or 9.8%, resulting from higher sales volumes.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, SG&A for our Asia Pacific segment decreased \$8.2 million, or 10.7%, compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease in SG&A was primarily due to the net impact of decreases of \$2.5 million in salaries and wages, and \$2.5 million in facilities expenses, as a result of the reduction in the number of company-operated retail stores, lower net bad debts expense of \$1.9 million due to recoveries of previously reserved accounts receivable in China, a decrease of \$0.4 million in marketing expenses due to a timing deferral, and a decrease of \$0.9 million services and other costs.

Europe Operating Segment

Revenues. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, revenues for our Europe segment decreased \$4.0 million, or 3.7%, compared to the same period in 2016, as we continued to reduce discount channel sales and company-operated stores, while growing our e-commerce business. Approximately \$15.8 million, or 14.6%, of the decrease was due to lower unit sales volumes, along with a decrease of \$0.2 million, or 0.2%, from foreign currency translation, partially offset by an increase of \$12.0 million, or 11.1%, from a higher average selling prices.

Income from Operation. During the six months ended June 30, 2017, gross profit for the Europe segment increased \$2.1 million, or 4.1%, and gross margin increased by 387 basis points to 51.5% compared to the same period in 2016. The increase in the Europe segment gross profit is due to the net impact of a decrease of \$7.5 million, or 14.6%, due to lower unit sales volumes, an increase of \$9.7 million, or 18.9%, due to a higher average selling prices, and a decrease of \$0.1 million, or 0.2%, from foreign currency translation.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, SG&A for our Europe segment decreased \$5.2 million, or 14.4%, compared to the same period in 2016. The decrease in SG&A was primarily due to decreases in salaries and wages of \$1.6 million, and facilities expenses of \$1.2 million, as a result of the reduction in company-operated retail stores, a decrease of \$1.7 million in marketing expenses due to a timing deferral, and a decrease in services and other costs of \$0.7 million.

Unallocated Corporate and Other

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, total net costs within Unallocated Corporate and Other increased by \$10.9 million, or 17.3%, compared to the same period in 2016. The increase was primarily due to an increase of \$2.6 million in salaries and wages, including \$1.2 million in severance costs, an increase of \$4.7 million in marketing expenses, primarily related to our advertising and promotional activities, increases in strategic consulting fees of \$1.6 million, reorganization costs of \$1.6 million, and an increase of \$0.4 million in other corporate costs.

Store Locations and Comparable Store Sales

The table below illustrates the overall change in the number of our company-operated retail locations by type of store and reportable operating segment:

	December 31, 2016	Opened	Closed (1)	June 30, 2017
Company-operated retail locations:				
Type:				
Kiosk/store-in-store	98	_	14	84
Retail stores	228	4	41	191
Outlet stores	232	10	14	228
Total	558	14	69	503
Operating segment:				
Americas	190	1	7	184
Asia Pacific	270	12	54	228
Europe	98	1	8	91
Total	558	14	69	503

⁽¹⁾ We completed the transfer of thirty company-operated stores in the Middle-East and China to distributors during the period.

Comparable retail store sales and direct to consumer store sales by operating segment are as follows:

	Constant Cur	Constant Currency (1) Six Months Ended June 30,		
	Six Months End			
	2017	2016		
Comparable store sales (retail only): (2)				
Americas	(2.1)%	(0.5)%		
Asia Pacific	(1.1)%	(3.7)%		
Europe	(2.5)%	3.9 %		
Global	(1.8)%	(1.0)%		
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	Constant Currency (1) Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2017	2016	
Direct to consumer comparable store sales (includes retail and e-commerce): (2)			
Americas	1.2%	5.9%	
Asia Pacific	10.9%	4.8%	
Europe	1.4%	4.4%	
Global	2.9%	5.4%	

- (1) Reflects period over period change on a "constant currency" basis, which is a non-GAAP financial measure. "Constant currency" represents current period results that have been retranslated using exchange rates used in the prior comparative period.
- (2) Comparable store status is determined on a monthly basis. Comparable store sales includes the revenues of stores that have been in operation for more than twelve months. Stores in which selling square footage has changed more than 15% as a result of a remodel, expansion or reduction are excluded until the thirteenth month in which they have comparable prior year sales. Temporarily closed stores are excluded from the comparable store sales calculation during the month of closure. Location closures in excess of three months are excluded until the thirteenth month post re-opening. E-commerce revenues are based on same site sales period over period.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We anticipate our cash flows from operations and available borrowings under our revolving credit facility (as described below) will be sufficient to meet the ongoing liquidity needs of our business for the next twelve months. As of June 30, 2017, we had \$157.0 million in cash and cash equivalents and up to \$78.7 million in available borrowings under our revolving credit facility. At June 30, 2017, \$131.8 million of our \$157.0 million in cash and cash equivalents was held in international locations. See "Repatriation of Cash" below for more information. Additional future financing may be necessary to fund our operations and there can be no assurance that, if needed, we will be able to secure additional debt or equity financing on terms acceptable to us or at all.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows are summarized as follows:

	 Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2017		2016		Change
		(i	n thousands)		
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 39,380	\$	19,818	\$	19,562
Cash used in investing activities	(10,695)		(11,258)		563
Cash used in financing activities	(18,305)		(7,443)		(10,862)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(983)		2,204		(3,187)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,397	\$	3,321	\$	6,076

Operating Activities. Cash provided by operating activities increased \$19.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016. The increase in cash provided by operating activities resulted from a favorable change in net income as adjusted for non-cash items of \$3.7 million, and a favorable change in our operating assets and liabilities of \$15.9 million. Net income as adjusted for non-cash items increased due to: (i) an increase of \$3.1 million from net unrealized foreign currency forward contracts gains and losses; (ii) an increase of \$7.3 million from higher net income; (iii) a decrease of share-based compensation expense of \$2.0 million; and (iv) a decrease of \$4.5 million in other non-cash items including a decrease of \$2.2 million in bad debts.

Investing Activities. The \$0.6 million decrease in cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016 is primarily due to the net impact of: (i) a \$0.9 million decrease in long-term restricted cash; and (ii) a \$0.6 million increase in capital expenditures for property, equipment and intangible assets; partially offset by (iii) a decrease in proceeds from asset disposals of \$0.9 million. Our capital expenditures in the six months ended June 30, 2017 did not change significantly compared to the same period in 2016.

Financing Activities. The \$10.9 million increase in cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016 resulted from repurchases of 1.4 million shares of our common stock for approximately \$10.0 million, and net repayments on borrowings of \$0.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to the same period in 2016. Our net borrowings decreased because we financed more of our short-term cash requirements from internal cash generated from operations.

Working Capital. Changes in cash from working capital during the six months ended June 30, 2017 were due primarily to the following: (i) an increase of \$57.6 million from higher accounts receivable, primarily due to our seasonal revenues which are higher in our second quarter; (ii) an increase of \$8.7 million from higher inventory levels, due to a seasonal increase related to our summer selling season; (iii) a decrease of \$5.0 million in prepaids expenses and other assets driven primarily by decreases in prepaid advertising, endorsement and other prepaids; and (iv) an increase of \$27.7 million from higher accounts payable and accrued expenses, primarily related to increased inventory levels in advance of our summer selling season. Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$9.4 million to \$157.0 million as of June 30, 2017.

Bad debt expense related to our China operations was not significant during 2017 or 2016, due to the implementation of a more restrictive credit policy in 2015 and continued focus on the creditworthiness of our distribution partners.

Senior Revolving Credit Facility

In order to provide additional liquidity in the future and to help support our strategic goals, our Senior Revolving Credit Facility (the "Facility"), as amended, provides for borrowings of up to \$80.0 million through February 2021. The Facility contains financial covenants that restrict certain actions by us, including limitations on: (i) stock repurchases to \$50.0 million per year, subject to certain restrictions; and (ii) capital expenditures and commitments to \$50.0 million per year. The Facility also requires us to meet certain financial covenant ratios that become effective when total borrowings, including letters of credit, exceed \$20.0 million during certain periods or when the outstanding borrowings exceed the borrowing base. If the financial covenants are in effect, we must maintain a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.10 to 1.00, and a maximum leverage ratio of 2.00 to 1.00. The weighted average interest rate on borrowings during the three months ended June 30, 2017 was 2.49%. As of June 30, 2017, we were in compliance with all covenants. As of June 30, 2017, we had no outstanding borrowings on the Facility and \$1.3 million of outstanding letters of credit, resulting in \$78.7 million of available credit for future financing needs.

Short-term Bank Borrowings

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we had \$1.7 million and \$2.3 million, respectively, of current debt outstanding under notes payable. As of June 30, 2017, the notes bear interest rates ranging from 1.95% to 2.83%.

Stock Repurchase Plan Authorizations

On December 26, 2013, the Board approved the repurchase of up to \$350.0 million of our common stock. The number, price, structure, and timing of the repurchases will be at our sole discretion and may be made in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions. The repurchase authorization does not have an expiration date and does not oblige us to acquire any particular amount of our common stock. The Board may suspend, modify, or terminate the repurchase program at any time without prior notice.

During June 2017, we repurchased 1.4 million shares of our common stock for approximately \$10.0 million. As of June 30, 2017, we had \$108.7 million of remaining common stock repurchase authorizations under our 2013 stock repurchase plan. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we had no repurchases.

Capital Assets Expenditures and Commitments

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, net capital assets acquired, inclusive of intangible assets, were \$12.2 million compared to \$12.8 million during the six months ended June 30, 2016. As of June 30, 2017, we have committed to additional purchases of capital assets of approximately \$5.4 million. Capital spend during the six months ended June 30, 2017 related primarily to information technology investments, opening new retail stores and renovating existing stores. In addition, we renewed an agreement with our information technology service provider for three years at \$5.0 million per year.

Repatriation of Cash

We have cash balances located in various countries and denominations associated with our international operations. Fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates impact the results of our operations and cash positions. Future fluctuations in foreign currencies may have a material impact on our cash flows and capital resources. Cash balances held in foreign countries may have additional restrictions and covenants that could adversely impact our liquidity and our ability to timely access and transfer cash balances between entities.

We generally consider unremitted earnings of subsidiaries operating outside of the U.S. to be indefinitely reinvested; however, our Board has approved a foreign cash repatriation strategy. As part of this strategy, we repatriated approximately \$28.1 million of current earnings during the six months ended June 30, 2017 without a tax impact. Further cash repatriation will depend on future cash requirements in the U.S. As of June 30, 2017, we maintain approximately \$178.0 million of foreign earnings for which tax has previously been provided that has not yet been repatriated.

Most of the cash balances held outside of the U.S. could be repatriated to the U.S., but under current law, would be subject to U.S. federal and state income taxes less applicable foreign tax credits. In some countries, repatriation of certain foreign balances is restricted by local laws and could have adverse tax consequences if we were to move the cash to another country. Certain countries have monetary laws, which may limit our ability to utilize cash resources in those countries for operations in other countries. These limitations may affect our ability to fully utilize our cash resources for needs in the U.S. or other countries and could adversely affect our liquidity. As of June 30, 2017, we held \$131.8 million of our total \$157.0 million cash balance in international locations. This cash is primarily used for the ongoing operations of the business in the locations in which the cash is held. Of the \$131.8 million, \$0.5 million could potentially be restricted, as described above. If the remaining \$131.3 million were immediately repatriated to the U.S., no additional tax expense would be incurred as \$178.0 million has previously been provided for in prior periods.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We had no material off-balance sheet arrangements as of June 30, 2017, other than certain operating lease and purchase commitments, which are described in Note 13 — Commitments and Contingencies.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, sales and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We evaluate our assumptions and estimates on an on-going basis. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. For a complete discussion of our critical accounting policies, please refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. There have been no significant changes in our critical accounting policies or their application since December 31, 2016.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 — Recent Accounting Pronouncements in the accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements for a description of recently adopted accounting pronouncements, and issued accounting pronouncements that we believe may have an impact on our consolidated financial statements when adopted.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

As a global company, we have significant revenues and costs denominated in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar. We are exposed to the risk of gains and losses resulting from changes in exchange rates on monetary assets and liabilities within our international subsidiaries that are denominated in currencies other than the subsidiary's functional currency. Likewise, our U.S. companies are also exposed to the risk of gains and losses and the resulting changes in exchange rates on monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in a currency other than the U.S. Dollar.

We have experienced and will continue to experience changes in international currency rates, impacting both results of operations and the value of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. We enter into forward foreign exchange contracts to buy or sell various foreign currencies to selectively protect against volatility in the value of non-functional currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities. Changes in the fair value of these forward contracts are recognized in earnings in the period that the changes occur. As of June 30, 2017, the U.S. Dollar notional value of our outstanding foreign currency forward exchange contracts was approximately \$239.7 million. The net fair value of these contracts at June 30, 2017 was an asset of \$2.8 million.

We perform a sensitivity analysis to determine the effects that market risk exposures may have on the fair values of our foreign currency forward exchange contracts. To perform the sensitivity analysis, we assess the risk of loss in fair values from the effect of hypothetical changes in foreign currency exchange rates. This analysis assumes a like movement by the foreign currencies in our hedge portfolio against the U.S. Dollar. As of June 30, 2017, a 10% appreciation in the value of the U.S. Dollar would result in a net increase in the fair value of our derivative portfolio of approximately \$3.7 million.

Effects of Changes in Exchange Rates on Translated Results of International Subsidiaries

Changes in exchange rates have a direct effect on our reported U.S. Dollar consolidated financial statements because we translate the operating results and financial position of our international subsidiaries to U.S. Dollars using current period exchange rates. Specifically, we translate the statements of operations of our foreign subsidiaries into the U.S. Dollar reporting currency using average exchange rates each reporting period. As a result, comparisons of reported results between reporting periods may be impacted significantly due to differences in the exchange rates used to translate the operating results of our international subsidiaries.

For example, in our European operating segment, when the U.S. Dollar strengthens relative to the Euro, our reported U.S. Dollar results are lower than if there had been no change in the exchange rate, because more Euros are required to generate the same U.S. Dollar translated amount. Conversely, when the U.S. Dollar weakens relative to the Euro, the reported U.S. Dollar results of our Europe segment are higher compared to a period with a stronger U.S. Dollar relative to the Euro. Similarly, the reported U.S. Dollar results of our Asia Pacific operating segment, where the functional currencies are primarily the Japanese Yen, Chinese Yuan, Korean Won and the Singapore Dollar, are comparatively lower or higher when the U.S. Dollar strengthens or weakens, respectively, relative to these currencies.

An increase of 1% of the value of the U.S. Dollar relative to foreign currencies would have increased our income before taxes during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 by approximately \$0.4 million and \$0.7 million, respectively. The volatility of the exchange rates is dependent on many factors that cannot be forecasted with reliable accuracy. See Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Part I of this Form 10-Q for a discussion of the impact of the change in foreign exchange rates on our U.S Dollar condensed consolidated statement of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as such item is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"). Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2017, to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management necessarily applies its judgment in assessing the costs and benefits of such controls and procedures that, by their nature, can only provide reasonable assurance regarding management's control objectives.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) during the three months ended June 30, 2017, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II — Other Information

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

We were subject to an audit by the Brazilian Federal Tax Authorities related to imports of footwear from China between 2010 and 2014. On January 13, 2015, we were notified about the issuance of assessments totaling approximately \$4.4 million, plus interest and penalties, for the period January 2010 through May 2011. We have disputed these assessments and asserted defenses to the claims. On February 25, 2015, we received additional assessments totaling approximately \$10.1 million, plus interest and penalties, related to the remainder of the audit period. We have also disputed these assessments and asserted defenses to these claims in administrative appeals, and are awaiting definitive resolution of those administrative appeals. In the event that the definitive resolution of these administrative appeals is adverse to us, we have recourse to further judicial processes, which would likely require the posting of a bond. It is not possible at this time to predict the timing or the outcome of this matter.

The Company was subjected to an audit by U.S. Customs & Border Protection ("CBP") in respect of the period from 2006 to 2010. In October 2013, CBP issued their final audit report. In that report CBP projected that unpaid duties totaling approximately \$12.4 million were due for the period under review and recommended collection of the duties due. On April 2017, CBP agreed to settle the matter and accepted our previously tendered payment of \$7 million. This matter is now closed. The settlement was reported in our condensed consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2017.

Although we are subject to other litigation from time to time in the ordinary course of business, including employment, intellectual property and product liability claims, we are not party to any other pending legal proceedings that we believe would reasonably have a material adverse impact on our business and financial results.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities										
Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased		erage Price d per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (1)	Sl	ximum Dollar Value of nares that May Yet be hased Under the Plans or Programs				
April 1 - April 30, 2017	_	\$	_	_	\$	118,679,553				
May 1 - May 31, 2017	_		_	_		118,679,553				
June 1 - June 30, 2017	1,371,470		7.27	1,371,470		108,710,137				
Total	1,371,470	\$	7.27	1,371,470	\$	108,710,137				

(1) On December 26, 2013 the Company's Board of Directors approved and authorized a program to repurchase up to \$350 million of our common stock. As of June 30, 2017, approximately \$108.7 million of shares remained available for repurchase under our share repurchase authorization. The number, price, structure and timing of the repurchases, if any, will be at our sole discretion and future repurchases will be evaluated by us depending on market conditions, liquidity needs, restrictions under our Credit Agreement, and other factors. Share repurchases may be made in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions. The repurchase authorization does not have an expiration date and does not oblige us to acquire any particular amount of our common stock. The Board may suspend, modify, or terminate the repurchase program at any time without prior notice.

ITEM 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Crocs, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Crocs, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-8, filed on March 9, 2006).
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Crocs, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Crocs, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 12, 2007).
3.3	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Crocs, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Crocs, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-8, filed on March 9, 2006).
3.4	Certificate of Designations of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock of Crocs, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Crocs, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on January 27, 2014).
4.1	Specimen Common Stock Certificate (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Crocs, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form S-1/A, filed on January 19, 2006).
10.1	Second Amendment to Investment Agreement, dated June 6, 2017, between Crocs Inc. and Blackstone Capital Partners VI L.P. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Crocs, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 7, 2017).
10.2*	Crocs Inc. 2008 Cash Income Plan (as amended and revised), (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Crocs, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 7, 2017).
31.1†	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
31.2†	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
32†	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
101.INS†	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH†	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL†	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF†	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB†	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE†	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
± Filad harawith	

[†] Filed herewith.
* Compensatory plan or arrangement.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CROCS, INC.

Date: August 9, 2017 By: /s/ Carrie Teffner

Name: Carrie Teffner

Title: Principal Financial and Accounting

Officer

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION

I, Andrew Rees, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Crocs, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2017 /s/ Andrew Rees
Andrew Rees

President and Chief Executive Officer

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION

I, Carrie Teffner, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Crocs, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2017 /s/ Carrie Teffner

Carrie Teffner

Executive Vice President and Chief

Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,

AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906

OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

The undersigned, President and Chief Executive Officer and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Crocs, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of their knowledge:

- (1) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the three months ended June 30, 2017 ("Form 10-Q") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)), and
- (2) The information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the period covered by this Form 10-Q.

Date: August 9, 2017 /s/Andrew Rees

Andrew Rees

President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Carrie Teffner

Carrie Teffner

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Crocs, Inc. and will be retained by Crocs, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.